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THE JERUSALEM POST



Meir Denies Violating Argentine Sovereignty as UN Council Meets

Sobolev Hits Haven for Nazis

UNITED NATIONS (INA). — Mr. Arkady A. Sobolev of the Soviet Union yesterday voiced a blistering attack against Argentina, who he said had "not lived up to specific obligations to apprehend Nazi leaders in Argentina."

By contrast with Dr. Amadeo of Argentina, who consistently referred to Eichmann as one "accused" of various war crimes, Mr. Sobolev from the outset branded Eichmann a war criminal.

He said, however, that the Soviet Union shared the Argentine position on sovereignty, a breach of which could "not be justified by anything."

The Soviet delegate said members must not forget that the case before it was bound up with a Nazi war criminal whose crimes in many countries, including the Soviet Union, showed that he was among those who must be presented for trial in accordance with joint declarations of the Allied powers concerning the crimes committed against the Jewish people, and the other horrors of the Hitlerite regime.

Mr. Sobolev quoted from a statement of the Latin American states adhering to the 1943 declaration of the Allied powers that war criminals must be tried and punished and that they should not offer asylum to those accused or their accomplices.

They had also called for the adoption of all necessary measures for the extradition, trial and punishment of the criminals in the countries where they had committed their offences.

All these rules were "entirely in force today," Mr. Sobolev said.

But "as a result of the slackness of the Western Powers, many war criminals had been able to avoid just retribution, and some of them had found refuge in Argentina."

Argentina, in failing to take action against Eichmann, was not acting in accordance with the agreements he had cited.

Speaking after Mr. Sobolev, the U.S. delegate, Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, supported Argentina's claim that her sovereignty had been violated by Israel agents, but expressed hope that the controversy could be settled in a friendly way.

U.S. Position

Mr. Lodge said he agreed with the terms of an Argentine resolution, but proposed two amendments. One of the suggested additions would have the Council recognize the concern of people everywhere that the former Nazi official be brought to justice for his alleged role in the extermination of six million Jews during the Second World War; the other simply expressed hope that "the traditional friendly relations of the two countries would be advanced."

(After the meeting, several delegates expressed the belief that the Council would today adopt the resolution as amended by the U.S. They said there was a fair chance that the vote might be unanimous.)

Sir Pierson Dixon said it would be wrong of the Council to underestimate the strength of feeling on this matter, since the passage of a few years could not obliterate the memories of such a monstrous episode.

Britain still believed that discussion between the two countries concerned provided the best chance of a solution. He thought the Argentine draft resolution "corresponds to the views held by Britain," and welcomed the U.S. amendment.

After Sir Pierson completed his speech the Council adjourned until this afternoon. *(INA, Reuter, AP)*

Amadeo Rapped As Nazi 'Loyalist'

BUENOS AIRES (Reuter). — Deputies of the Peoples Radical Party, largest minority group in the Lower House, were on Wednesday drafting a declaration to be presented to the House stating that Dr. Mario Amadeo, the Argentine Ambassador to the U.N., was unfit to take the Eichmann case before the Security Council.

The declaration stated that his loyalties to Nazi Germany during World War II were well-known.

Later, Radio Rivadavia announced that the opposition party will ask for Dr. Amadeo's resignation because of his "Nazi past."

B-G Still Ready To Meet Frondizi

POST Political Correspondent

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion is still ready to meet President Frondizi of Argentina, despite yesterday's statement at the Security Council by the Argentine representative, the Prime Minister's Political Secretary, Mr. Yitzhak Navon, told Reuters last night in a telephone conversation in The Hague.

If it were true that the Argentine President refused to meet Mr. Ben-Gurion because of what the Israel Prime Minister had said at his Brussels press conference on Tuesday, "the reason for Dr. Frondizi's refusal seems to be strange," Mr. Navon emphasized.

He said that there was "absolutely nothing new" in Mr. Ben-Gurion's statements, since his views on the extradition of Adolf Eichmann had been made known on various occasions and left no room for doubt in this respect.

Although Mr. Ben-Gurion had not initiated moves for a meeting with Mr. Frondizi, he would be glad to have the opportunity to exchange views on the Eichmann case, Mr. Navon added.

Express Surprise

Foreign Ministry circles in Jerusalem last night expressed surprise at Dr. Amadeo's statement and stressed that it was in "complete contradiction of the official Argentine statements" which were reported to Jerusalem on Tuesday and earlier yesterday.

It is reliably learned that on Tuesday afternoon, the Argentine Ambassador in Brussels officially informed the Israel Ambassador that Dr. Frondizi "would be glad to meet with Mr. Ben-Gurion," and proposed that the meeting take place next Sunday in Brussels. Mr. Ben-Gurion had agreed to the meeting.

Diplomatic observers in Jerusalem point out that Dr. Amadeo's statement at the Security Council was clear indication that the extreme elements within the Argentine Foreign Ministry, which all along opposed an amicable and direct settlement of the dispute, have gained the upper hand. These elements are also understood to have been opposed to a meeting between Dr. Frondizi and Mr. Ben-Gurion, since this would have prevented the Argentine U.N. representative from openly censuring Israel for Eichmann's capture.

Frondizi Not Meeting B-G

UNITED NATIONS. — Mrs. Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister, emphatically denied in the Security Council yesterday that Israel had violated, or intended to violate, Argentine sovereignty. She expressed deep regret that Argentina had seen fit to take the Eichmann incident to the Council, and questioned whether it was a problem for this body to deal with.

"The men who seized Adolf Eichmann had acted against the laws of Argentina," she conceded, but they had taken a first step in redressing "a grave historic injustice."

Mrs. Meir again officially apologized to Argentina for this violation of its sovereignty, but insisted that the real question is "a violation of the spirit of man and humanity's conception of justice" in the fact that for 15 years Eichmann had not been brought to trial.

She asked: "Will not our Argentine friends see the exceptional nature and uniqueness of this case?" and expressed confidence that "their conception of right and justice must place this isolated incident in its proper perspective."

Argentine Resolution

Mrs. Meir was addressing the Council after the Argentine delegate, Dr. Mario Amadeo, had asked it to declare that the abduction of Adolf Eichmann had caused international friction which, if repeated, could endanger peace and security.

A draft resolution presented by Dr. Amadeo also demanded "adequate reparation" for what her delegate called Israel's infringement of Argentina's sovereignty.

Dr. Amadeo made it clear in his address that by "reparations" Argentina means the return of Eichmann and punishment of those responsible for abducting him.

The Argentine delegate had asked for a half-hour's delay in convening the Council while he was redrafting his speech following a telephone conversation with President Arturo Frondizi of Argentina, who is in Berne.

In his speech Dr. Amadeo said efforts had been made to arrange a meeting between Dr. Frondizi and Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, but because of Mr. Ben-Gurion's statement in Brussels Tuesday — that Eichmann would not be returned to Argentina — the Argentine Government could not believe there was a minimum basis for negotiations.

'Vitiated in Advance'

Dr. Frondizi could not agree to a meeting the results of which had been vitiated in advance, he said, and Argentina had no other choice except to demand its case be heard in the Council.

Mrs. Meir, in a reference to Tuesday's Israel note to the Council, repeated that a meeting had been arranged for Mr. Ben-Gurion and Dr. Frondizi in Europe later this week.

Dr. Amadeo, she said, partly on the basis of press reports had stated that the Argentine Government did not believe there was at present the requisite minimum basis for negotiations. She was informed, Mrs. Meir added, by Mr. Ben-Gurion that he had been reported out of context and that he had not mentioned the word "condition."

Mrs. Meir also read from a *note verbale* from Dr. Frondizi to Mr. Ben-Gurion to the effect that their meeting could best be held after the Council meeting.

If such negotiations did not take place, she said, the responsibility would rest on Argentina.

Referring to her own conference with Dr. Amadeo last week, she said she could only regret that they were unable to come to an agreement.

Argentine Jewry

Dr. Amadeo mentioned in his speech yesterday that there were thousands of Jews in Argentina who were not discriminated against. Mrs. Meir said she wished to assure Argentina that the Jewish people appreciated this.

Dr. Amadeo had also said that not only Eichmann had entered Argentina under false papers, but many other refugees, including Jews, from Nazi oppression.

She found it "quite extraordinary" that the Argentine delegate had found it possible and appropriate to speak in one breath of Eichmann and his victims. She could not accept "this kind of equalization."

Mrs. Meir said she was convinced many people in the world had been anxious to bring Eichmann to trial.

But the fact remained that for 15 years nobody had found him, she said, "and he could break the laws of who knows how many countries by entering them under a false name and forged passport, and abuse the hospitality of countries which, I am sure, recoil in horror from his deeds."

"But Jews, some of whom personally are the victims of his brutality, found no rest until they located him and brought him to Israel — the country to whose shores hundreds of thousands of the survivors of the Eichmann horror have come home, the country that existed in the hearts and minds of the six million on the way to the crematoria.

"They chanted the great article of our faith — 'ani ma'amin be'emuna shlema be'vi'at ha-mashiah' — I believe, with perfect faith in the coming of the Messiah."

She declared emphatically that the Israel Government did not violate, nor intend to violate the sovereignty of Argentina.

"A number of Jews, among them Israelis, broke the laws of Argentina not in tracking down an ordinary murderer, but in apprehending Adolf Eichmann," she said.

"Would Argentina have admitted Adolf Eichmann within its borders had they known his identity? Surely not. Modern history knew of no such monster before Adolf Eichmann appeared.

No Threat to Peace

"I again ask — is this a problem for the Security Council to deal with? This is a body that deals with threats to the peace. Is this a threat to peace—Eichmann brought to trial by the very people to whose total physical annihilation he dedicated all his energies, even if the manner of his apprehension violated the laws of Argentina? Or did the threat to peace lie in Eichmann at large, Eichmann unpunished, Eichmann free to spread the poison of his twisted soul to a new generation?

"We value the friendship of the Argentine people, we fully understand its concern for its sovereignty, but we also respect it for its sense of justice. It is because we know that no threat to the sovereignty of Argentina or of any other country has or will come from Israel, because of the sense of justice we both share, that we say in real friendship that this is not an item that should divide us any longer."

The incident must be seen in the light of the "exceptional and unique character" of the crimes attributed to Eichmann, and the motives of those who sought him, she declared.

Unmatched in History

"These men belong to a people whose tragedy in the Second World War is unmatched in history... six million of European Jewry were gassed and murdered, among them over one million children."

Hitler had not solved the Jewish question as he planned, but he had annihilated six million Jews and has destroyed more than [illegible],000 Jewish communities.

She spoke of mothers who have seen their babies thrown into the air and used as targets for Nazi bullets and of thousands of Jewish women who could never be mothers because of "scientific experiments performed on them."

Mrs. Meir declared that Eichmann was not merely an important cog in "this monster machine of death and torture," but was in charge of the attempt to liquidate Jews.

She quoted from evidence given at the Nuremberg trials, and asked: "Is it not inconceivable that Eichmann has enjoyed freedom during all these years? That he has not been brought to trial?"

This was not a matter of revenge but a matter of justice, she said.

Friendly Relations

In his address to the Council Dr. Amadeo said relations between Argentina and Israel had developed in cordial friendship.

The Israel act was very grave under any circumstances, but it was inconceivable when viewed in the context of the rights of a friendly country from which Israel had received only benefits and proofs of esteem, Dr. Amadeo said.

There was no excuse in saying that those who had abducted Eichmann were private individuals, Dr. Amadeo said. A state must accept responsibility for its citizens acting abroad, even if they were private individuals.

Argentina did not defend the crimes "of which Eichmann was accused," nor seek immunity for him, he declared.

He said a formula could have been found in the treaty of extradition which Israel and Argentina had signed. Eichmann's captors should have placed themselves under orders of the Argentine Government. Once the rules applicable to the case had been violated, it was foreign to the question to present a long list of crimes now.

These crimes were as repugnant to Argentina as to anyone and she understood the emotions involved.

The Council Chamber was crowded with delegates before the session opened and more kept arriving all through the morning session.

Arab delegates were out in full strength, most of them evidently rejoicing that for once Israel was "on the carpet" without them being involved.

(Reuter, INA, AP)

U.S. Senate Ratifies Japan Security Pact

WASHINGTON. — The Senate yesterday ratified the U.S.-Japanese security treaty by an overwhelming vote, 90 to 2, well above the two-thirds majority needed for ratification.

The opposition votes came from Senators Russell Long (Democrat, Louisiana) and Richard Russell (Democrat, Georgia), who said the treaty was too one-sided in Japan's favour.

With the Senate's approval, all that is now left to bring the 10-year pact into force is the formal exchange of ratification documents. Japan's ratification became effective last Sunday, and Emperor Hirohito put the Imperial Seal to the document yesterday.

The U.S. instruments of ratification will be flown to Hawaii for President Eisenhower's signature. From there, they will be taken to Tokyo for the exchange.

Threaten Blockade

Japanese leftists, whose rioting led to cancellation of Mr. Eisenhower's visit to Japan, have threatened to blockade U.S. Ambassador Douglas MacArthur II and Foreign Minister Aiichiro Fujiyama in their homes to prevent them from making the exchange of documents.

In Tokyo yesterday thousands of Japanese students and trade unionists marched on the Japanese Diet (Parliament) in yet another protest against the treaty. But high winds and driving rain combined to make what had been promised as the biggest yet demonstration, the smallest and the most orderly.

About 3,000 police stood on guard at the Diet and Prime Minister Kishi's residence in anticipation of more trouble.

Police estimated the crowd at the height of the day's demonstrations at about 17,000 — well below the 200,000 the left-wing organizers had hoped to turn out.

Linger at Diet

Late last night about 10,000 demonstrators still lingered near the Diet, shouting and singing, but more and more were slipping quietly away.

The demonstrators yesterday steered clear of the U.S. Embassy, a centre for the chanting crowds in the past.

The day began with strikes against Japan's transport system, but the strike had ended before most workers needed transport. About 15,000 [illegible] joined in a one-hour token strike.

The Secretary-General of the Liberal Democratic Party (the Government Party) told reporters yesterday after seeing Premier Kishi that a new Prime Minister might be nominated early next month. He said Mr. Kishi would make a statement as soon as the ratification instruments were exchanged, and it was believed that he would then express his intention of resigning. *(AP, Reuter)*

(Leader — Column 1)

Lumumba Stymied By Congo Senate

LEOPOLDVILLE, Belgian Congo (Reuter). — Chances of a quick solution to the Congo government crisis received yet another set-back last night when M. Patrice Lumumba, Prime Minister-designate, was unexpectedly defeated in the Congolese Senate.

His nominee for the presidency of the newly-constituted Upper House was defeated by two votes — after four indecisive ballots — by M. Joseph Ileo, a candidate put forward by allies of M. Joseph Kasavubu, M. Lumumba's rival in the struggle for power.

This development put all previous predictions on the future Government of the Congo into the melting pot once again, with only eight days to go before the Belgians hand over power.

Yesterday morning, M. Lumumba said he meant to offer M. Kasavubu the post of Foreign Minister in his Cabinet, after scoring a decisive victory over him in the Lower Chamber and being officially asked to form a Government.

It was felt at this time that this indicated M. Lumumba might seek the post of head of state as well as the Prime Ministership.

But observers here speculated that he now might consider trying for a quick settlement by offering Mr. Kasavubu the post of head of state with himself as Prime Minister.

UK-Cypriot Talks To Resume Today

NICOSIA (Reuter). — Archbishop Makarios and Government House announced last night that Anglo-Cypriot negotiations over British bases in Cyprus will be resumed today after a seven-week deadlock.

The announcement came after the Under-Secretaries of the Archbishop and Dr. Fazil Kutchuk, the Turkish Cypriot leader, drove to Government House with a message for Mr. Julian Amery, the Colonial Under-Secretary.

Archbishop Makarios and Dr. Kutchuk had earlier met briefly to discuss a formula for resuming the negotiations.

The new formula for talks is said to "approach closely" the Archbishop's position.



Photo released by the U.S. Navy at Cape Canaveral shows the solar radiation measurement satellite sitting on top of the experimental navigation satellite, the position in which they were placed in orbit yesterday. (AP Radio photo)

Single U.S. Rocket Launches 2 Moons, 1 Riding 'Piggy Back'

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida. — A new pair of twin satellites launched from here, one on the back of the other, by a Thor-Able-Star rocket, were last night "beeping" their way through space.

An 80-foot rocket carried the two satellites aloft. Springs cut loose the two satellites simultaneously — but they will race round the world separately, the smaller of the two just ahead of the other.

The larger satellite — the second Transit navigational satellite — is designed to help navigation, while the piggy-back satellite is to check solar radiation. The highest point of orbit of the twins will be [illegible] miles above the earth and their lowest 400 miles. Their orbit would take in most of Russia. Tracking stations reported picking up strong signals from both.

Earlier Try Fails

There has been only one other attempt to launch two satellites at once, and that failed last year. Actually, the spent casing of the second stage also presumably went into orbit after the moonlets sprang free, making three satellites at one crack.

The main experiment was the 223-pound, 36-inch sphere, the Transit II-A satellite. Riding atop it was a 42-pound sphere looking much like a deep sea diver's helmet. The two were clamped together.

Transit II-A is an advanced version of Transit 1-B, which was successfully orbited on April 13. Both are forerunners of an operational network of satellites which will provide ships, planes and submarines with an accurate all-weather navigation system.

The successful launching gave the U.S. 11 existing satellites, not counting two space vehicles in solar orbits. The Soviet Union has two existing earth satellites and a giant space vehicle in orbit. *(Reuter, AP)*

FLN Envoy May Leave Today

Official circles in Tunis predicted on Wednesday that the F.L.N. would send an envoy to Paris today to prepare the way for a delegation for cease-fire talks led by Ferhat Abbas, head of the insurgent regime, Reuter reported.

There were hopes that the snags over how the insurgent envoy would travel would be smoothed out. The rebels have rejected an offer from the French Embassy in Tunis to arrange the journey, and the French Government has recalled a military plane it had sent to Tunis.

In Paris, newspapers quoted President de Gaulle as saying, "Let them come by way of the North Pole, if they want, but let them come."

In Algiers, d[illegible]y in the arrival in France of an Algerian envoy had a calming effect on European agitation there. The right-wing evening newspaper "Dernière Heure" last night made its splash headline: "No longer Any Question of An Imminent Arrival of the F.L.N. Delegate."

The sentiment of relief which the headline seemed to imply was reflected in the private comments of many Europeans here who believe that the chances of talks in Paris achieving an early cease-fire are remote.

USSR Prevented Mid-East War In 1957, Khrushchev Claims

LONDON. — Premier Khrushchev told the Rumanian Workers (Communist) Party Congress on Tuesday night that in 1957 "we prevented Syria from being attacked by Turkey, which was invited to this adventure by U.S. imperialists," Moscow Radio reported.

Giving other instances in which, he said, the Soviet camp had prevented war, Mr. Khrushchev went on:

"And in 1958, after the revolution in Iraq, the Americans and British concentrated their forces and were preparing to attack Iraq. The American imperialists egged on Turkey, Iran and Pakistan to attack Iraq.

"The Americans were in such a hurry preparing for this attack that they even violated Austria's sovereignty by flying their troops right over the territory of neutral Austria to the Lebanon and Jordan. But in that case as well they had to stop short and did not dare to start aggression against Iraq in view of the resolute warning served by the Soviet Union and other Socialist countries."

Mr. Khrushchev said Russia now had "powerful war facilities of which the imperialists have no full idea, despite all their espionage flights."

Mr. Khrushchev said the advance of the Communist bloc has the capitalist world so worried "that even those among them who do not want to unleash a war might press the wrong button out of fright."

"In order to avoid war — even a local one because it can develop into a world war — every nation must exercise pressure of peaceful coexistence between states with different social systems."

On Japan, Mr. Khrushchev said: "One can only express sympathy with Eisenhower for suffering such a slap in the face. But there is a saying: As you sow, so shall you reap. So far the Government of the U.S. have only the seeds of war.

"The purpose of the visit was to support Prime Minister Kishi who started to give S.O.S. signals asking the Americans to rescue his government. The result was just the contrary. There is only one conclusion — to continue the struggle against imperialism against foreign military bases." *(Reuter, AP)*

N. Nigeria Not To Accept Israel Aid

KADUNA, Northern Nigeria (Reuter). — Northern Nigeria, a predominantly Moslem region, has dissociated itself from any financial transaction between the Nigerian Federation and Israel, it was officially announced here Tuesday night.

This followed a statement in Tel Aviv earlier this month by the Nigerian Federal Minister of Finance, Chief F. S. Okotie-Eboh, that the two countries had provisionally agreed on development projects involving millions of pounds sterling.

Last night's Northern Nigerian statement said should a report that Mr. Okotie-Eboh signed a loan agreement with Israel be correct and should eventually any form of financial assistance be received from Israel, "the Northern Regional Government wishes to make it quite clear that it dissociates itself from the whole transaction and does not wish to accept any part of any such loan or export credit."

The Regional Government said it considers that acceptance of such a loan or export credit "could be interpreted as involvement in Middle Eastern controversy."

The Prime Minister of Nigeria, Alhaji Sir Abubakar Tafawa Balewa, who is also Deputy leader of the Northern People's Congress, ruling party in the Northern region, said a press conference in Lagos last week that his Government did not intend to be a party to the quarrel between the Arab world and Israel. His Government was not opposed to "genuine" assistance from any country in the world, he said.

NEW EARTHQUAKES HIT S. CHILE REGION

SANTIAGO, Chile (AP). — Two new earthquakes yesterday shook six devastated provinces of southern Chile.

Dutch P.M. to Ben-Gurion: Ties with Israel Solid

THE HAGUE. — Prof. Jan de Quay, Prime Minister of the Netherlands, last night told Mr. Ben-Gurion that common suffering during World War II had intensified the solidarity of the Dutch people with the people of Israel.

He was speaking at a Government dinner in honour of the Israel Premier, who arrived here yesterday from Brussels with his wife and daughter for a three-day visit.

Prof. de Quay said, "The special sympathy of the people of the Netherlands for Israel has its roots in history. And this deep friendship has been strengthened during one of the most eventful eras of our national existence—World War II—during which the endless sufferings under a common oppressor, particularly affecting the Jewish community, have moved the innermost soul of the Dutch people. This common suffering has intensified our solidarity with your people."

The Dutch Premier said that the ties between Holland and the Jews had been strengthened in the course of history. Jews came to the sanctuary of the Netherlands from other countries and had founded communities there.

He said Mr. Ben-Gurion was the "personification" of the qualities of "perseverance and adaptability" which are so often attributed to the Dutch.

On his arrival at Ypenburg Military Airbase, near The Hague, Mr. Ben-Gurion said, "The Jewish people will not forget the many occasions when the people of the Netherlands stretched out a helping hand to its persecuted brethren.

"The friendship of the Netherlands people and its Government towards my country is a source of profound satisfaction to every Israel citizen," he said.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Gurion, their daughter, and the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Hanan Cidor, had luncheon with Queen Juliana at her Soestdijk Palace. Prince Bernhard, who is convalescing from a virus pneumonia, did not attend but met the Premier after lunch.

Later Mr. Ben-Gurion was taken for a flight over reclaimed areas to see work on the "delta plan" which aims at closing off the treacherous arms of the North Sea.

Mrs. Ben-Gurion attended the annual conference of the Dutch branch of Wizo at the House Vunracke, close to the royal palace.

Crisis in Japan

THE crisis in Japan is the result of a number of converging factors. One was the fight over the ratification of the American-Japanese security pact in the Japanese Diet. Another was the decision of the Japanese Socialists to make political capital of the crisis and to take an all-out anti-American line which can scarcely be distinguished from an outright Communist line. A third was the victories of students in South Korea and Turkey which gave a new glamour and meaning to the violence in Japan.

In addition there was a further set of factors flowing from Russian and Chinese policy. Mr. Khrushchev's outbursts against Mr. Eisenhower in Paris, and his withdrawal of the invitation for the Russian visit were a signal for the wild anti-American campaign in Tokyo. The spy-plane episode and the news that similar planes had trained in Japan were emotional dynamite for those who might still have hesitated to join the outcry. Finally the Russian threat to send rockets against any American ally who had complicity in further flights spread fear to add to the hate.

The rioting is one stage in a continuing revolution. It is a mistake to think that revolutions must always follow an established classical pattern. In each revolutionary situation those who direct the movement deploy their forces and resources as best they can. In this case the plan is easily discernible. The humiliation inflicted on Eisenhower and America was only the first phase. The next is to force out the Kishi Government—a goal that has not yet been reached but may now be only a matter of days. The third was to defeat the Japanese-American military pact, and make it impossible for any future government to pass it in the calculable future — thus in effect making Japan a neutralist nation — an objective that is not yet within the revolutionaries' grasp.

The Americans, at the same time, have made errors of judgement which have contributed to the present difficulties. One was the initial plan to go through with the Tokyo visit once Khrushchev had withdrawn his invitation to Moscow. They could have eased out of the whole Asian trip at that point, especially since it had been planned to supplement the Russian visit. If the failure to do this was imprudent, the mistake was compounded by tying the Tokyo visit to the pact ratification, thus blazoning its military character, and also by linking with it the visits to America's client states — South Korea and Formosa.

The second mis-step was to push the military pact with Japan when it was clearly meeting such widespread bitter opposition and giving the pro-Communists the issue they longed for. This was in line with the "realist" policy pursued both by the Pentagon and the State Department, on the premise that the only realities are guns and soldiers. It is now clear that students and professors are greater realities, and that guns are no good unless there is belief behind them.

The last error on the part of the American policy makers was to tie up with the Tories in Japan, and fail to establish communication with the Socialists of either wing. The Japanese Socialists are different from the West European kind. Their anti-West feeling, their deep-based fear of military fascism, their fusion [illegible] of old [illegible] [illegible] makes them prickly and provocative. But it is always dangerous to build an axis with only one party and cut oneself off from the rest.

The fruits of American policy are now falling like bolt-stones. What was disastrous about the cancelling of the visit was the proof it offered that America could not count on its seemingly firm allies to control their own people in their own house, and that a Western alliance has no popular base in Asia. Despite the ratification of the pact in Tokyo, and yesterday in Washington, America might still be better advised to take the fuel away from the revolutionary flame by settling for an uncommitted Japan. That may prove to be an effective way of avoiding a Japan which would be oriented toward the Communist world.

ROCKWELL BARRED

NEW YORK (AP). — Mayor Robert W. Wagner refused on Wednesday to permit the American Nazi Party to hold a July 4 rally in Union Square.



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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. [illegible] yesterday received the [illegible] Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Amilcar Tribaldos, and Mrs. Tribaldos, and the Deputy Chief of Protocol, Mr. [illegible] Auer.

The Speaker of the Knesset, Mr. Kadish Luz, yesterday received the Yugoslav Minister, Mr. Dragoje Djuric, who is about to leave Israel on the termination of his tour of duty.

The Foreign Minister has conferred the personal rank of Ambassador on Mr. Ezra Danin, Adviser on Middle East Affairs at the Ministry.

Mr. [illegible] Ullman, of New York, was yesterday received by the President of the Technion and Mrs. Dori. Mr. Ullman also met with Associate Professor Ariel Tash, who holds the Arturo Gruenebaum Chair in Mining and Metallurgy established at the Technion by the Philipp Brothers of New York.

Dr. Harold Korn, of New York, will speak on "The International Political Situation" at 8.45 this evening at the Jerusalem branch of the United Nations Association at Beit Hillel.

Big Increase In Bonn-Cairo Trade

LONDON (Reuter).—A British trade mission which recently visited the United Arab Republic said in a report published here yesterday that the West Germans had greatly increased their share of the U.A.R. market in recent years.

The West Germans had also participated actively in the U.A.R.'s industrial development, the 56-page report said.

The mission visited the U.A.R. from February 23 to March 2 and was the first delegation of its kind to go there since the 1956 Suez crisis.

(A U.A.R. trade mission is now visiting Britain.)

The report said that by and large the British mission gained the impression that the prospects of increasing trade between Britain and the U.A.R. were good. Although no spectacular rise in exports to the U.A.R. was likely to take place in the near future.

It also said that the Soviet and East German credits continued to figure prominently in U.A.R. development planning.

The mission of seven was led by Mr. H. G. Nelson, Managing-Director of the English Electric Company and industrial leader and vice-chairman of the Advisory Council on Middle East trade.

Britain Opens Talks With Common Mart

LONDON (AP).—Britain and six West European nations yesterday began studying a possible coordination of their basic industries as the first step toward an ultimate political merger.

The meeting of allied envoys at the foreign office started amid reports that both the British Government and the six-nation continental bloc were split over the project.

The talks had been initiated by an assembly of legislators representing the countries of the Western European Union (WEU) — Britain, France, Belgium, Holland, Luxembourg, West Germany and Italy.

They had proposed that Britain should join the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom), whose six members are the countries taking part with the British in the talks which opened yesterday.

The British agreed to consider the idea, and also offered to study possible entry into the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC) made up of the same six states.

The six have banded themselves together in the common market — which exchanges trading privileges and tariff cuts — as well as in Euratom and ECSC.

Britain leads the seven-nation European Free Trade Association.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

All Times Local Time

THURSDAY

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Johannesburg 0650. BOAC 232 from Teheran 1130. TWA 810 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens 1525. El Al [illegible] from New York, Paris and Rome 1545. [illegible] from London, Rome and Athens 2000. Air France 127 from Teheran 2150. KLM 525 from Amsterdam and Rome 2215. Cyprus Air 32 from London, Rome, Istanbul, Ankara and Nicosia 2325. El Al 426 from London and Zurich — 0155 (Friday).

DEPARTURES: Sabena 522 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels 0130. Swissair 331 to Athens, Geneva and Zurich 0700. Alitalia 451 to Rome — 0800. El Al 425 to Zurich and London 0830. Olympic [illegible] to Athens 0930. BOAC [illegible] to Geneva and London 1400. El Al 207 to Athens, Paris and New York 1550. Cyprus Air 07 to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London 2210. Air France 127 to Rome and Paris 2250.

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Fresh Probes For Fishers in Turkey

SILIFKE, South Turkey (Reuter). — The retrial of five Israel fishermen accused of fishing in Turkish territorial waters began here yesterday after the Court of Appeal in Ankara had quashed an earlier sentence of a year's imprisonment on each man.

The fishermen first appeared in court here last December 1. The five men — Captain [illegible] Faldi, [illegible] Sapliman, Matti [illegible], Meir Sharabi and Yehuda Kahr — were arrested last September by a Turkish patrol boat off southern Turkey. The Israelis have denied the charge against them, saying they were 10 miles off-shore when arrested.

The Court of Appeal quashed the earlier sentence because the place where the Israelis had fished had not been examined by any committee of experts. The Court also said that if the men fished outside Turkish territory they must be released, but if they fished in Turkish territory the one-year sentence was not sufficient.

During yesterday's hearing, the court decided that further inquiries should be made into the following three points:

1. An inquiry should be made at Ankara General Directorate of State Meteorology and Mersin and Tasucu port authorities about the weather and sea conditions between September 24, 1959 and September 29, 1959.

2. After replies had been received from these authorities the dossier of the case should be sent to Istanbul's First Criminal Court and studied by three experts from Istanbul's Technical University and Merchant Marine School. The experts will report after study on whether the Israelis were fishing in Turkish waters or not and send their report to the Silifke court with the dossier.

3. If the experts cannot decide with the documents and request to see the place of fishing then necessary decisions will be taken.

Meanwhile the court decided that it was not necessary to examine the place of fishing off Tasucu where a buoy was placed when the fishermen were arrested.

Work Camps to Build Road, Youth Camp

Two international voluntary work-camps will be held in July and August by the Israel Group of the Service Civil International.

One group of volunteers will help to build a three-kilometre asphalt road for the village of Sha'ab in Western Galilee, and the others will help the Baptist Centre near Petah Tikva to build a permanent youth camp that will serve Israel and foreign groups of all creeds.

Israelis wishing to participate in the camps may apply to the S.C.I., 7 Rehov Gat, Ahuza, Haifa.

Correspondents May Get Better Exchange

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The question of granting foreign correspondents who reside in Israel a higher rate than IL1.80 per dollar on their foreign currency earnings is now under consideration, Finance Minister Levi Eshkol told the Knesset yesterday in reply to a question by Mr. Nahum Levin (Herut).

But in reply to a similar question by Mr. Zvi Zimmerman (General Zionist), referring to "writers and journalists whose work is published abroad," Mr. Eshkol replied: "I see no possibility of changing the present rate."

Knesset Officer Hazor Resigns

The Knesset Serjeant-at-Arms, Sgan-Aluf M.Y. Hazor, has informed the Knesset Speaker that he wishes to resign his post, which he has held for the past seven years.

It is understood that S/A Hazor has been offered the post of Controller of Diamonds in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

WILD ANIMALS stole and ate 25 hens from the chicken run at the Ayanot Agricultural School on Tuesday night. Police followed the tracks of the beasts to the remains of the hens nearby.

Loyalty Declaration By Non-Israelis

All Government employees who are not Israel citizens will henceforth be obliged to make the following declaration in place of the oath taken by others in government service:

I promise to serve honestly and faithfully all tasks delegated to me as an employee of the Government and to obey all orders and instructions given me by my superiors.

Zichron Veteran, E. Rosenfeld, Dies

HAIFA. — The death took place yesterday morning of Efraim Rosenfeld, the veteran Zichron Ya'acov settler. He was 84.

Rosenfeld came from Russia 70 years ago, and worked in the Zichron wine cellars for 55 years. He was active in public affairs, serving as President of the B'nai B'rith Lodge and in other public offices.

He died while visiting his son, Aaron Rosenfeld, the local shipping agent. He leaves a number of other sons and daughters, grandchildren and nine great-grandchildren.

The funeral will take place in Zichron this morning.

Mali Alleges 'El Ard' Had Official Backing

NAZARETH. — The Communist Party's Arabic-language newspaper "Al Ittihad" claimed editorially on Tuesday that the Israel authorities had secretly encouraged the publication of a series of anti-Israel and pro-Nasser articles in the suspended Arabic weekly "El Ard."

The editorial alleged that the aim of this was to arouse Jewish public opinion against abrogation of the Military Government and easing of restrictions on Israel Arabs.

It also claimed that the authorities are now supporting the renewed publication of "El Ard," and warned the Arab public against continuing to read the paper.

It is understood from official sources that "El Ard" is not expected to reappear for the time being, although the formerly unlicensed paper has now applied for a licence.

(The six publishers of the weekly were recently fined IL1,000 each and given three months' prison terms suspended for two years, after they pleaded guilty to charges of putting out the paper without a licence. The periodical had appeared under a slightly different name each time in an effort to evade the licensing regulations.)

Wider Contacts in Africa

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Israel's economic and diplomatic activities in Africa will enter a new and broader phase in the coming weeks with the entry of the Mali Federation, Madagascar and the Congo — the first French-speaking territories in Africa to exchange envoys with Israel — into the family of sovereign nations.

Mr. Levi Eshkol, the Minister of Finance, and Mr. Gideon Rafael, Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, will head the Israel delegation at the Congo's independence celebrations on June 30. From Leopoldville, they will embark on a tour of a large number of African states to discuss the expansion of current joint projects and prepare the ground for fuller economic and diplomatic relations with newly-independent countries.

After visiting the Mali Federation, Liberia, Nigeria and Ghana Mr. Eshkol may return to Leopoldville to follow up certain economic talks.

At the same time Mr. Rafael will pay goodwill visits to the Congo Republic which is shortly to achieve independent status within the French Community; Chad, an independent state of the French Community that has been officially recognized by Israel, but owing to technical difficulties does not yet have an Israel diplomatic representation; Mali, Guinea, and Lagos.

The recent appointments of Israel envoys to Mali, Madagascar and the Congo are shortly to be followed by joint economic projects and technical assistance and professional training of experts from these countries in Israel.

Mr. Rafael told *The Jerusalem Post* that Israel representatives enjoy close and cordial relations with all political leaders of the Congo, and that recent mediation efforts on the part of the Israel and Ghanaian representatives in Leopoldville had been initiated by the rival party leaders because of these friendly relations.

Mr. Rafael visited the Congo last year, when he was Ambassador to Belgium and established Israel's first contacts with Congolese political leaders. These relations were deepened during the Brussels round-table conference which was attended by all major Congolese political leaders.

Dog Day in Jerusalem

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

Seventy dogs of varying colours, sizes, breeds and dispositions were lined up on Wednesday morning by their masters at the Jerusalem Municipal Sanitation Department to receive shots against rabies. Last week the Jerusalem district was declared an infected area and it was announced that all dogs found at large without muzzles and inoculation tags would be destroyed.

Paradoxically, it was the "toy" dogs, shaggy and smooth-haired alike, which proved to be the most aggressive and eager to fight. They would walk stiff-legged and straight-tailed, dragging their masters after them, up to huge dogs weighing 15-20 times as much — and growl viciously, daring them to fight. The big dogs would invariably cock an ear, sniff disdainfully, and walk away with dignity. None of the incipient fights developed into more than hearty growls.

Few of the dogs were pedigreed, most being euphemistically described by the clerk issuing new licences (IL5.55 each) not as mongrels but as "dogs of mixed extraction."

The owners were also a varied lot. One well-dressed matron came with a brace of carefully groomed, silky haired dogs on expensive leashes; four small boys in none-too-clean khaki escorted an unkempt dog bound with a piece of twine. They paid in small coins.

The shot itself cost IL1. Two Municipal clerks would pick up the dog — most of them already began howling in agony at this point — and place him on a table, holding him down tightly against the table until he quieted down.

The small dogs proved slippery and hard to hold; the larger had their heads placed in a loop of chain attached to the end of a metal rod so they could be held at arm's length.

Dr. A. Laufer would then give them the injection in the hind quarters — and the dogs would yelp in pain, snarling and snapping at the attendants.

"This is really purgatory," said one man, viewing the struggling dogs.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
482, 368.4, 249 & 230 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Morning Concert. Bizet: Excerpts from "Carmen," Act One; Paderewsky: Fantasy-Polonaise for Piano and Orchestra (Soloist: Felicja Blumenthal); Saint-Saens: Symphony No. 3 in A-minor, opus 55. 12.05 Women's Programme. 12.35 Schubert: Sonata No. 5 in A, played by Fritz Kreisler (Violin) and Serge Rachmaninoff (Piano); Rachmaninoff: Three Prelude for Piano, played by Sviatoslav Richter. 1.00 Lunch-time Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 Special Foreign Language programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial wavelength. 5.06 Popular Symphony Concert: Thomas: Overture "Mignon"; Conius: Violin Concerto in E-minor (Soloist: Jascha Heifetz); Sibelius: "The Swan of Tuonela"; Gounod: Chorus from "Faust," Act Four. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Mishna Lesson. 6.45 Interlude. 6.50 Sports. 7.20 The Week at the Knesset. 7.30 "For Your Health." 8.00 Programme ed by E. Weill. 8.30 Bible Reading: Tehilim, Chaps. 107 & 108. 9.15 Newsreel: "Once there were days" ed by Amos Ettinger. 10.00 Piano Recital by Amiram Rigai; Ravel: Sonatina; Dan Aharonovitz: Oriental Song; Boscovitz: Semitic Suite; Chopin: Polonaise No. 1. 10.30 "The Treasury of Jazz." 11.15 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
[illegible]

Commercial Programme: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcements. 5.06 Melodies. 5.30 Oriental Songs. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.01 Jazz. 6.15 Hebrew Songs. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen — Sketch. 6.45 "Star of the Evening." 7.00 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 7.45 Mograbi. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 8.45 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 Literary Corner. 10.30 A Dialogue. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
[illegible]

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15 [illegible]

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA [illegible]

Programme to South Africa: [illegible]

ARMY PROGRAMME [illegible]

7.00 News. 7.10 Worth Listening To. 7.30 Bow & Arrow. 8.00 Records to Your Choice. 8.30 "Army Diary." 8.45 Nations' Songs. 9.00 News. 9.15 Merry Rhythm. 9.30 Excerpts from Operas. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (25.25, 19.66, 16.86 & 13.93 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Comment, Actualities.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programmes: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News, U.N. in Action on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News, Opinion Today on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, News Analysis: Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 M. and 238 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News, Opinion Today on 13, 19 and 31 M. 3.00 p.m. News, Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 16 M. 4.00 News, News Analysis, New Horizons in Science on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News, News Analysis, Report to Middle East on 19, 25 & 31 M. 6.00 News, New Horizons in Science on 11, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News, Report to Middle East on 13, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Listeners' Log on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Forum on 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 News in Special English, Music USA on [illegible] M. 11.00 News, News Analysis, Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 11.30 Forum on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 12.00 News, News Analysis, Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 M. & 238 K.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION. — English Programme (434 & 498 M.): News: 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Cola Cola Programme. 5.00 Melodies & Memories. 5.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 6.00 Miniature Concert. 6.30 Emergency. 6.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 2.30 "Yours Sincerely." 6.05 The Lamitis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 8.15 Vera Lengyel (Piano). 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Star. 10.30 Danger Point.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• Revue: — Marlene Dietrich Show. Binyanei Haooma, 9.

• Tours: — Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, Hebrew University Campus.

Yad Vashem — Martyrs and Heroes' Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tours (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.

• Film Shows: — Israel films — daily showings. Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon, 1 p.m.

• Exhibitions: — Artists House, 10-1, 4-7. Paintings by Eliahu Gat, Efraim Lifshitz.

Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 63787. Paintings by leading Israel artists. Purchases mailed upon request.

Sculptures by Zelig Segal. Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka. Tel. 3532. 9-1, 4-7.

"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Haooma. 10-1, 4-6.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 36 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities from the Neolithic to the Byzantine Periods. Temporary Exhibition: Recent Excavations at Tel Mor, Beit Shean and Tel Zif. 9-1, 3-6.

• Bezalel National Museum: — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art, Archaeological Objects, Primitive Art, Art Exhibition Posters 1900-1960 (Museum's collection), Pablo Picasso: prints (Museum's collection), Drawings by Marthe Guillain (Belgium), Paintings by Israel artists (Museum Collection). 9-1, 3.30-6.

Bezalel Art Library: Modern sculpture. Bezalel School of Arts & Crafts: Student's Exhibition, 10-1.

• Zoo: — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8-7.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre: — Habimah: "Visit of the Old Lady," 8.30.

• Z.O.A. House: — Tourist Service, 9 a.m.-5 p.m.

• Dine and Dance: — Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly.

• Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 25073. Galei Gondola Restaurant, for gourmets, 57 Rehov Pinsker. 10 a.m.-1 p.m. Air-conditioned, Tel. 23700.

• Documentary Films: — Packaging, Beit Hamlin, 26 Weizmann, 5 p.m.

• Tourist Service: — Visit Hadassah Club, 30 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 22230. Wise Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26828, 9 a.m.—3 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens: — Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• Lectures: — "Printing in Packaging Design" — Mr. Yehezkel Weinfeld, Manager, Offset-Photo Dept. of Lewin-Epstein, Ltd. "Metal Packaging"—Mr. Ephraim Rath, of the Israel Tin Boxes Co. Ltd. Beit Hamlin, 26 Weizmann, 6 p.m.

• Exhibitions: — Israel and Foreign Packaging Exhibit, Beit Hamlin, 26 Weizmann, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.

• Tel Aviv Museum: — Dizengoff House: 22 Contemporary Argentine Artists. Contemporary Japanese Graphic Art. Pictures and sculpture contributed to the Kolb Fund. 10-1, 4-7.

Exhibition of watercolours by Mordechai Avniel. Selection of paintings by Israeli artists. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion. 10-1, 4-7.

HAIFA

• Theatre: — Cameri: "Twelfth Night." Armon, 9 p.m.

• Tourist Centre: — Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Office, 23 Hehalutz. Tel. 4878.

• South American Folklore Ensemble: — Los Incas, May, 9 p.m.

• Exhibitions: — Paintings and drawings by Dov Medzini and Pauline Krewer. Artists House, 24 UNO Ave., 10-1, 4-7.

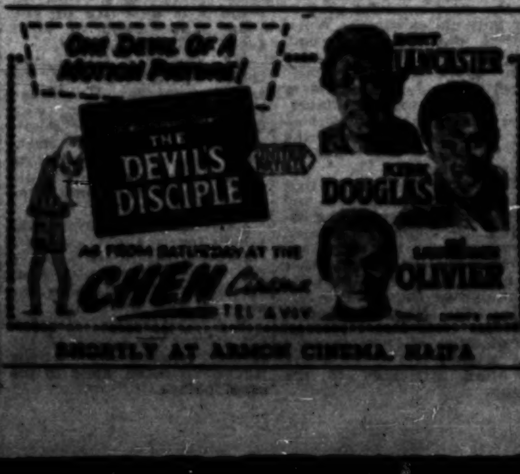
MADERA

• Theatre: — Habimah: "Mademoiselle," 8.30.

NES ZIONA

• Theatre: — Ohel: "One More River," 8.30.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post June 23, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Criminal Appeals

Before Justices Silberg, Landau and Berinson.

Mahmoud Mohamed Yosef Ziara, Appellant, v. The Attorney-General, Respondent. (Cr. A. 11/60).

Constraint Does Not Preclude Premeditation

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Jerusalem District Court delivered on January 5, 1960 (in Cr. C. 2/57).

The appellant, Mahmoud Ziara, was found guilty by the Jerusalem District Court of the premeditated murder of Ro'i Rothberg of Kibbutz Nahal-Oz and sentenced to life imprisonment.

At the time of the murder he was living in the vicinity of the police station on the outskirts of Gaza and participated together with three members of the Egyptian Army and the police officer in charge of this police station in a plot to ambush Ro'i Rothberg in the ditch which serves as the armistice demarcation line between the lands of Nahal-Oz and the Gaza strip. Ziara's role was to serve as a decoy to entice Rothberg, who made a daily round of inspection on his horse, towards the ditch where the others lay hidden. The ambush succeeded, the victim was wounded and fell off his horse about four metres from the ditch on the kibbutz side. He was subsequently killed by the remaining members of the ambush party and dragged off, with the assistance of Ziara, to the Gaza side of the ditch.

Ziara was arrested by the Israel Police during the Sinai campaign and brought to trial in the Jerusalem District Court where he was found guilty of premeditated murder. In the appeal to the Supreme Court his Counsel argued, firstly, that it had not been proved that Ziara's acts had been perpetrated on Israel territory and secondly, that he should not have been found guilty of murder as he had acted under threats from the Egyptians and could not be said, therefore, to have acted with premeditation.

Mr. Y. Cohen appeared for the appellant and Mr. H. Kamar, Deputy District Attorney, for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Landau, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Silberg and Berinson concurring, dealt firstly with the argument that the appellant's acts had not been committed within Israel territory. The District Court had found, he said, that the ditch which had been used for the ambush was in Israel territory, basing this finding on a certificate sent to the court by the Foreign Minister. The appellant's counsel had argued, however, that this certificate was not admissible as it did not comply with the requirements of section 32 of the Evidence Ordinance (as amended in 1955) regarding certificates submitted by public servants. But, continued Justice Landau, the certificate contained a mere repetition of Article 6(1) of the Armistice Agreement between Israel and Egypt — of which the court has judicial notice in any case; and, in addition, contained the information that the ditch in question had been dug in order to serve as a demarcation line in accordance with decisions of the Israel-Egypt Armistice Commission, and section 32 does not apply to the record of these decisions. In short, he held that the Foreign Minister's certificate refers to the delineation of the boundaries and was admissible as proof in that connection (see Cr.A. 126/51, P.D. 7/1145).

Furthermore, continued Justice Landau, there had been other evidence concerning the ditch in question as a demarcation line between Israel and the Gaza Strip sufficient to enable the District Court to decide that it lay within Israel territory without reference to the Foreign Minister's certificate. As, therefore, the appellant's role in the ambush and subsequent murder had undoubtedly been performed in Israel territory, there was no basis for the argument that the courts of Israel had no jurisdiction to try him.

Turning next to the argument of constraint, Justice Landau held that the appellant had not proved that he had been subjected to threats against his life if he failed to do as he was ordered and pointed out that, in any case, in accordance with section 17 of the Criminal Code Ordinance, the plea that a person was compelled to commit an offence "by threats which at the time of doing it reasonably cause the apprehension that instant death or grievous harm to that person will otherwise be the consequence" is not a defence in a case of murder.

As to the argument that even if there had not been "constraint" in the legal sense the fact that the appellant had been subjected to threats precluded the element of premeditation, the answer to it, held Justice Landau, may be found in Cr. A. 118/53, (P.D. 10/316). In this latter judgment, he continued, it was pointed out by Justice Agranat, in an obiter dictum, that if a person against whom the threat of grievous harm is levelled succumbs to this threat and commits an offence, then he must be regarded as having committed it of "his own free will;" for even though he may not desire to commit a criminal act he desires still less to sacrifice his life or his property and therefore chooses of his own volition what is for him the lesser of the two evils.

He subscribed completely to this idea, said Justice Landau, which could be very aptly applied in the case under consideration. The appellant, he continued, had been confronted by two alternatives — that of risking the consequences of the alleged threats or that of aiding and abetting a murder. He had chosen the latter of his own volition and must, therefore, be regarded as having committed premeditated murder. If this were not the case, he continued, then it would be impossible to find a person subjected to constraint guilty of premeditated murder and yet section 17 of the Criminal Code expressly states that the plea of "constraint" is no defence in cases of murder. All the more so, he concluded, is this the case when the threats do not attain the level of "constraint" proper — as was held in the present instance.

Appeal dismissed.

Judgment given on May 19, 1960.

JODRELL. — Britain's giant radio telescope at Jodrell Bank has communicated across 20 million miles of space with the U.S. space satellite Pioneer V.

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The Hebrew University of Jerusalem
Faculty of Law — Institute of Criminology
announces that registration of students for the
Diploma Course in Criminology
starts on JULY 1, and ends on AUGUST 31, 1960
Local and foreign University graduates are eligible for registration. More detailed information and application forms for registration are available at the Faculty of Law, Room No. 9, every day except Fridays, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.

News in Brief

PETER. — Chassis and engines of the West German [illegible] car will be fitted with Egyptian bodies for sale in the U.A.R. under a contract announced in Neckarsulm by the makers, the NSU Motor Works. The Prinz is a 600-c.c. car with either a 20 or 30 horsepower engine.

BLAST. — Six people were killed and four injured when the underground nitro-glycerine section of a Government ordnance factory in Bishopton, Renfrewshire exploded. An area of 10 to 20 miles around was shaken, windows were shattered and walls cracked.

SLUMP. — South Africa's gold and foreign exchange reserves, which have been falling steadily since last March's disturbances, slumped another £1m. in the week ending last Friday. They now stand at £112m. — more than £20m. lower than at the time of the Sharpeville shootings.

PILGRIMS. — Sixteen persons, believed to be in a party of 24 pilgrims visiting a Roman Catholic shrine, were killed when their van overturned and caught fire at Chavakachcheri in northern Ceylon.

TV in UAR Next Month

Cairo and Damascus will begin television broadcasts on July 23. This was announced in Cairo yesterday by Abdul Kader Hatem, a member of the UAR Cabinet, at the congress of the National Union.

American Major League Baseball

NEW YORK (UPI) — Major League baseball standings on Wednesday morning were as follows:

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
New York	34	23	.597	—
Baltimore	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Detroit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Washington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kansas City	[illegible]	[illegible]	.417	11
Boston	21	37	.362	14

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
Pittsburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	—
Milwaukee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Francisco	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Los Angeles	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	.411	[illegible]
Philadelphia	[illegible]	37	.383	[illegible]

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES
JERUSALEM: Mekor Baruch, 31 Tahkemoni, 3594. PETAH TIKVA: Briut, 12 Hovevei Zion, 912237. HOLON: Briut, 104 Sokolow. RAMAT GAN: Hatichon, Ramat Yitzhak, 56 Uziel, 71949. HERZLIYA: Briut. REHOVOT: Levin Hanegev, 106 Herzl, 951245. NATANYA: Natanya. HAIFA: Bohar, 2 Arlosoroff, 2862.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS
JERUSALEM: Dr. Miriam Beers-Freund, 20 Arlosoroff, 3586. Dr. Zapler, 28/B Ma'on Akademaim, Mahane Allenby. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.

Z.O.A. HOUSE
in cooperation with the Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality, Sunday, June 26, 1960, at 8.30 p.m.
Piano Recital
by
Sara Fuxon-Heyman
Tickets at the ZOA House and booking offices in town.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARMON: Carry on, Sergeant. EDEN: [illegible]. JERUSALEM: Girl Rush. ORION: A Night at the Moulin Rouge. ORGIL: Man of the West. ORNA: Seven Thieves. [illegible]: [illegible]. SEMADAR: [illegible]. ZION HALL: That Kind of Woman. TEL-OR: Les enfants du paradis. EDISON: Les valeurs sont en gros. STUDIO: Passeport pour la honte.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: The House that Roared. ARMON DAVID: The Trials of Oscar Wilde. CHEN: Homebeat. EDEN: Yaboeli. ESTHER: Libel. GAT: The Stars of Dawn. HOD: Femmes d'un été. MAXIM: Carry on, Nurse. MIGDALOR: La vache et le prisonnier. MOGRABI: Once More, With Feeling. OPHIR: The Esquimo. ORION: Arch of Triumph. PEER: Vanik in Heaven. RAMAT GAN: Pillow Talk. REDEMOTH: Battalion of Life. TAMAR: The Silent Enemy. TCHELET: Carmen, the Girl from Granada. TEL AVIV: The Laughter Hit Parade. ZAFON: La Gaviota. ZAFON: Their Way. ZAMIR: Danger Within.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Volga Boatman. ARMON: I want to Live. ATZMON: Lilalo. EN DOR: Fort Dobbs. MORIAH: Das Dreimaederlhaus. ORAH: Honeymoon. TAMAR: Paris in Spring. GAL OR: Le clochard. MIRON: Windom's Way. ORION: Une balle dans le canon. ORLY: Sissi - Schicksalsjahre einer Kaiserin. PEER: Der träumende Mund. MAY: Suddenly, Last Summer.

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TEL AVIV — 4TH JULY, 1960
Fredric R. Mann Auditorium, at 8.30 p.m.
Conductor: THEODORE BLOOMFIELD
Soloist: RICHARD TUCKER (Tenor)
MOZART: Overture to "Don Giovanni"
GOULD: Salute to America
DVORAK: Symphony No. 4
Arias from Operas by Verdi and Puccini,
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The Weather

Mt. Canaan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tiberias	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Haifa Port	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nahariya	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
T.A. Kirya	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
T.A. Port	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lydda Airp.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jerusalem	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beersheba	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eilat	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*) Humidity at 8 a.m. [illegible] temperature ... yesterday evening. C) Temperature forecast.

ARRIVAL

Mr. Avraham Ofer, Assistant Director-General in charge of economic activities in the Ministry of Agriculture, from a visit to the U.S. and Europe in connection with agricultural export.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Israel Sieff, after a short visit.

Mrs. Rose Halprin, Chairman of the American Section of the Jewish Agency Executive, after attending the meeting of the Executive and participating in the Government-Agency talks; and Mr. Samuel W. Halprin. (by Air France).

Prof. A. Tartakower, Mr. A. Hale and Mr. Gron, of the World Jewish Congress, to attend the forthcoming meeting in Paris of the Organizational Committee of the W.J.C.

Mr. E.D. Peret, Director of the Israel Purchasing Mission in the U.S., after a three-week visit for consultations.

Peres Back From Visit to Paris

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Mr. Shimon Peres, the Deputy Minister of Defence, returned last night by Alitalia from a two-week trip to Paris. Mr. Peres declined to give any details of his activity.

The Deputy Minister of Defence smilingly reported there was "basic differences of opinion" between Mr. Ben-Gurion and the French Foreign Minister, M. Couve de Murville, on the Exodus from Egypt and on the interpretation of various Biblical terms. He said M. Couve de Murville had displayed a profound knowledge of the Bible.

Man's Castle Gives Way to Progress

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The "house in the middle of the road" that has been obstructing the new main street through Beit Hakerem in Jerusalem began to come down on Wednesday under the hammers of a Municipal demolition team.

Following the publicity given to the incident last week in *The Jerusalem Post*, the owner, Mr. E. Barashi relented and agreed to a Municipal proposal for alternative housing.

The Municipality expects to complete razing the house and paving the road within a fortnight.

Claims She Lost Baby After Forcible Arrest

Jerusalem Police Commander Y. Peleg has appointed a special police committee to investigate a complaint by a 30-year-old woman that she miscarried after being forcibly arrested.

The woman is Mrs. Ora Malka, owner of a restaurant in Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka in Jerusalem. She claims that several days ago, when in her fifth month of pregnancy, she was forcibly detained by police and taken against her will to police headquarters in the Russian Compound. She says she suffered a hemorrhage while in the cell but her request for medical assistance was turned down. She miscarried the same day.

Police circles claim that the woman was suspected of stealing a watch from a customer. When she was asked to appear at the police station for questioning, she refused. She was then detained for questioning despite her opposition and was held for about half an hour before release. She did not ask for medical assistance, the police state. (Itim)

Becker Tries to Restore Peace with Teachers' Union

By MARK SEGAL, Jerusalem Post Labour Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — A series of meetings lasting all day Wednesday were held between heads of the Teachers Union and the head of the Histadrut Trades Union Department, Mr. A. Becker, in an attempt to patch up relations between the two and to restore peace in the ranks, *The Jerusalem Post* learns.

Mr. Becker, it is believed, tried his utmost to bring the teachers around to accepting the Histadrut Executive decision of the previous day authorising the Histadrut Central Committee to speak for the teachers for the time being.

It is understood that the Mapai majority in the Union will hold a special session prior to today's meeting of the Teachers' Council. Various leading members of Mapai have contacted the Union Secretary, Mr. Shalom Levin, in an attempt to bring him round to a more moderate viewpoint.

Whatever the outcome of the Council meeting, political circles here felt that the charges of duplicity levelled by Histadrut Secretary-General Pinhas Lavon at Mr. Levin on Tuesday will weigh heavily against him in his future career.

Levin Denies Conspiracy

Mr. Levin refuted the charges to *The Jerusalem Post*, especially Mr. Lavon's assertion that he had promised the independent secondary school teachers that he would join forces with them in the struggle for wage increases. He declared that his talks with them dealt only with his efforts to bring them back into the Histadrut.

This was not confirmed by the secondary school teachers. In an internal circular, they revealed that the Union's leaders had agreed to fight for their recognition by the Government on condition that they waive their claims to independent status within the Histadrut. The Histadrut teachers had also offered to withdraw their opposition to increased pay for secondary school teachers and cease their attacks on the independent group.

Meanwhile, the Ministerial Committee appointed by the Cabinet to study the Gavi Report on teachers' pay and working conditions met for 90 minutes in Jerusalem yesterday for the first time.

The Deputy Minister of Education, Mr. Ami Assaf, who is a member of the Committee, told *The Jerusalem Post* afterwards that the Committee expected to end its deliberations inside of two to three weeks.

Most of the Arab school principals in Eastern Galilee are still maintaining contact with Ministry supervisors despite recent instructions from the Teachers Union to break off such contact, Itim reported yesterday from Nazareth. The principals complain that they have been given no direct briefing from the Union on the position vis-à-vis the Ministry.

At the protest meeting called by the Union in Haifa on Tuesday the discussions were carried on exclusively in Hebrew without any translation, despite the presence of some 100 Arab principals, they complain.

G-Z Parley Urges 'Broad Liberal Party'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A call for the General Zionist, Progressive, and National Religious Parties and the moderate elements in Herut to merge themselves into a "new liberal party" was issued by many speakers at yesterday's sessions of the General Zionist Party's National Convention at the Z.O.A. House.

There was much breast-beating over the party's debacle in the recent Knesset and Municipal elections, with several blaming the party's leadership. Most speakers, however, decided to bury this particular hatchet and look to the future.

While speaker after speaker took the platform, the real struggle was going on in the small committee rooms, where the leaders of the various factions jockeyed for ascendancy.

The group led by Messrs. Peretz Bernstein and Haim Levanon finds itself checked by the forces supporting Mr. Yosef Saphir. The third, smaller faction, led by Messrs. Ezra Ichilov and Yosef Serlin, will apparently try to mediate between the two. The struggle is over the Chairmanship of the National Executive Committee, now held by Mr. Saphir and sought by Mr. Levanon.

Mr. Bernstein will apparently be asked to continue as party Chairman, while Mr. Serlin will retire from the National Council Chairmanship to head the party's Knesset faction.

F.C. America Beats J'lem Hapoel 3:1

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Brazilian F. C. America team yesterday put on a brilliant exhibition of football as it should be played, to defeat Jerusalem Hapoel 3-1.

Wreaking havoc in the Jerusalem defence before an appreciative crowd of 6,000 were right-winger Eduardo, who was taken out of the game with injuries in the 74th minute, and left-winger Ari.

Leading the valiant but hopeless defence was Dov Altman, the home back.

The first goal was scored by America in the third minute, when Eduardo netted from a distance of 20 metres. The home goalie, Deloan, apparently blinded by the sun, hardly made an attempt to save. The visitors tallied again when Eduardo dribbled through the defence, passed to centre, and Ari nonchalantly scored. Centre-forward Gunga scored the visitors' third goal in the 56th minute.

The home team scored in the closing moments of the game when a shot by Tchaikowsky was fumbled by America goalie Valdo and then slipped into the net by Shlomo Levy.

Jerusalem's Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom kicked off.

Histadrut Using Pressure To Persuade Co-ops to Toe Line

Jerusalem Post Labour Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Histadrut is going to deprive those cooperatives which fail to observe the directive to abolish hired labour by granting membership to their employees of all financial assistance.

This was the drift of yesterday's discussion on the cooperative movement at the Secretariat of Hevrat Ovdim, the Histadrut holding company. A decision to this effect will be officially taken at the next meeting of Hevrat Ovdim, whose date was not announced.

The company's Secretary, Mr. Ze'ev Onn, proposed the establishment of a IL4 million fund for the consolidation of existing cooperatives. The Ministry of Commerce and Industry would allocate IL1m., Hevrat Ovdim IL2m., and the cooperatives IL1m. Another IL4m. loan fund for trucking cooperatives would be established, according to Mr. Onn's proposal, of which IL2m. would come from the Transport Ministry, with Hevrat Ovdim and the cooperatives supplying IL1m. each.

Lavon Denies Blame

Replying to complaints of leaders of the Cooperative Centre that they were not receiving enough help and encouragement from Histadrut leaders, Histadrut Secretary-General Pinhas Lavon and his colleagues blamed them for the depressed state of the cooperative movement.

Mr. Lavon agreed that only the "real cooperatives"—which dispensed with hired labour—should be helped. This should be done by absorbing the hired labour as members and not by dismissing them, he said.

Mr. A. Zvik, of the Cooperative Centre, favoured the expulsion from the Histadrut of cooperatives refusing to dispense with hired labour. Another Centre leader, Mr. S. Goren, also conceded that extreme measures were required. He noted that there are 1,850 hired workers to 1,600 members in producers' cooperatives.

Mr. Y. Ritov recommended that the cooperatives be given four years to solve the problem of hired labour.

If You Can't Beat 'em...

TEL AVIV. — The Dan Bus cooperative's latest suggestion to solve the bus-sherut taxi conflict is "to buy up the taxis," the Dan spokesman said here on Wednesday. This seems to be the most practical solution and will guarantee positive results, he told the press.

The bus company's proposal was made to the Controller of Road Transport yesterday. It suggests that Dan and the Government participate in a joint fund to buy up sherut taxis. "We want the Government as partners to give the operation a federal nature," the spokesman commented.

The taxis bought up under the proposal, would be removed from the streets, "considerably reducing Tel Aviv's congestion."

Rotary Conference Opens in Herzliya

HERZLIYA. — Several hundred Rotarians from 27 clubs in this country were present yesterday at the opening of the annual conference of Israel Rotary Clubs at the Accadia Hotel here.

Israel will be recognized as Rotary's 199th district as of July 1, Mr. J. Grauman, chairman of the afternoon session, noted. Three more clubs will be opened shortly at Bat Yam, Givatayim and Kfar Saba, he said.

Portions from the Old Testament, the New Testament and Koran were read at the opening ceremony.

President Ben-Zvi's greetings were brought by his Aide, A/M Carmel. Greetings were also received from the Foreign Minister. The President of the Rotary District of Greece sent his message direct to the conference via a radio ham station set up at the Hotel.

The conference continues today.

THE CIVIL SERVICE Commission yesterday published a directive forbidding civil servants from accepting the honour of freeman from any local authority.

Welfare Ministry Encourages Volunteers, Says Dr. Burg

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Minister for Social Welfare, Dr. Yosef Burg, said yesterday that he regarded it as one of his main tasks to encourage the work of voluntary social welfare organizations.

Speaking in the Knesset debate on his Ministry's budget, Dr. Burg said that his Ministry, together with the Treasury and the Knesset Finance Committee, should do something to make things easier for these organizations. Many of them now find themselves in financial straits owing to the constant rise in the cost-of-living and the abolition of the exemption they formerly enjoyed from customs duties and purchase tax.

Voluntary organizations had proved particularly successful in the care of the blind and of the mentally retarded. He hoped that the Ministry would be able not only to help the organizations financially but also in such matters as winning public recognition and in forming ties with institutions abroad.

Dr. Burg declared that it was a fundamental principle of the Ministry that there be a maximum of cooperation and of coordination with other Ministries and public institutions, such as the Ministry of Education, the local authorities, Youth Aliya and Malben.

Coordination Needed

Specifically, he regarded it as one of his chief goals to achieve coordination with the Ministry of Education, something which had been sorely lacking. The question of automatic promotion in the elementary schools was one that called for re-examination. Pupils automatically promoted regardless of achievement sometimes became discouraged in the new class and either became a disciplinary problem within the school or played truant and became a problem on the streets.

More Social Cases

The number of social cases on official roles increased by about 10 per cent over the previous year, Dr. Burg said. In 1958/59, 18,000 families received full allowances regularly, 17,000 families received regular partial allowances and 12,000 families received temporary financial aid. Taking five persons in a family as the average, this meant that 235,000 were supported by welfare in one form or another.

Fifty-seven per cent of the welfare recipients are over 55, Dr. Burg said. About 2,700 persons who have applied for old-age assistance have still not been granted it. Nor did he see how the budget offered any possibility that the requests could be granted.

Juvenile Delinquency

The number of minors arrested by the police was 1,227 in the first three months of this year, as compared with 762 in the same period of 1959 — a rise of 62 per cent. And the average age at which delinquent children first came before the courts or probation officer was becoming lower and the proportion of girls among them was increasing.

The Minister said it was important to set up a central, national card index for all social cases, something which does not exist today. This would make it possible — "at long last" — to get up-to-date information on the nature and number of social cases, to provide information to other recognized institutions, and to avoid duplication.

Franco-Israel Cultural Ties

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Greetings from Mrs. Golda Meir in New York were read out at the inaugural meeting — held at the Hebrew University yesterday — of the Franco-Israel Mixed Commission for the Application of the Cultural Pact (concluded between the two countries last November).

In her message, the Foreign Minister expressed her "certain knowledge" that the Commission, a permanent body that will sit alternately in Jerusalem and Paris, was "laying the foundations of a most important spiritual structure."

M. Jean Bourdeillette, the French Ambassador, declared in the course of an address marked by exceptional warmth:

"It is not by chance that France — the France of the Rights of Man — emancipated European Jewry; that France — the France of today — gave her heart and her help to the Jewish people reassembled at last in their ancestral homeland. For we have common ideals, which formed the basis and will remain the future mainstay of our friendship. Our two humanisms are interlinked."

Mr. Moshe Sharett, welcoming the prospect of closer cultural ties between France and Israel, looked forward to increased Franco-Israel cultural cooperation "for its own vital sake and not as a means to other ends."

M. Philippe Rebeyrol, Director of Education in the French Foreign Ministry and leader of the French delegation, said he and his colleagues were "overjoyed" to be in Israel. "A few days ago," he added, "your Prime Minister, Mr. Ben-Gurion, was able to appreciate how strongly the Government and people of France feel for Israel, whose pioneers are already become legendary figures."

Other speakers included Prof. Binyamin Mazar, President of the Hebrew University, and Mr. Ami Assaf, Deputy Minister of Education. Mr. Maurice Fischer, Deputy Director-General of the Foreign Ministry and head of the Israel delegation, presided.

A 6,000 TON SILO, with storage space for an additional 4,000 tons, was inaugurated in the Haifa Bay area this week. It was built at a cost of IL500,000, part of which came from the Development Budget.

No Dig Planned At Western Wall—Jordan

The Foreign Ministry yesterday received assurances from Jordan that no excavations will be carried out at the Western Wall in the Old City.

Miss Kathleen Kenyon, British archaeologist, is shortly to begin excavations in the Old City on behalf of the London Institute of Archaeology, but her work is to be confined to areas not adjacent to the Western Wall, it was confirmed from London. The same assurance was given by Captain Daoud, the Jordan delegate to the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission, in reply to Foreign Ministry requests for information.

Knesset Building Committee Gets Controller's Clean Bill

The Executive Committee for the Construction of the New Knesset Building, whose operations came in for sharp criticism from the State Controller last February, emerged with a clean bill of health from a follow-up report prepared for the Speaker of the Knesset.

In a letter to the Speaker released for publication yesterday, the Controller says that all the wasteful and improper administrative procedures which had evoked his criticism five months ago had been remedied.

The Committee's Technical Department has moved in with the Public Works Department, thus saving excessive rent for office premises, while the accounts are being processed by the Knesset Accounts Department, a more satisfactory arrangement than the previous haphazard one, the Controller found.

As to the IL2,721 which the Committee was unable to account for in February, a reconstruction of all transactions during the November 1958—December 1959 period gave the answer. A sum of IL2,710 was spent on ground-breaking work carried out by the P.W.D.; IL238 on miscellaneous administrative and technical expenses; while IL1,623 was spent on architect's travel expenses. This was subsequently refunded.

The Controller pointed out that the Committee now draws up a monthly expense sheet and the accounts are in good order.

The Committee is responsible for the administration of the IL6m. bequeathed by the late Baron James de Rothschild for a new Knesset building.

Purse Snatcher On Rothschild Blvd.

TEL AVIV. — A handbag containing IL125 was snatched from a woman while she was strolling along Rothschild Boulevard with her husband on Tuesday evening.

The woman, Mrs. Sonya Glutzer, told the police that the purse-snatcher had seized the handbag, which she was carrying under her arm, from the rear and vanished before she or her husband could catch a glimpse of him. (Itim)

5 More Youngsters Arrested in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV. — Three girls were detained on Tuesday night on suspicion of soliciting, and two boys were detained on suspicion of scalping cinema tickets.

The round-up was part of the current police drive against hooliganism in the Metropolitan area.

Nasser Loses Head in Haifa

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — If the U.A.R. Embassy in Amman is looking for a bust of Nasser, then they need only apply at Haifa Port. The head, 50 cm. high, cast in bronze and weighing 50 kg., arrived here from Italy in the s.s. Messapia on Tuesday.

Among the cargo which arrived from Naples was a wooden crate marked "Ambasade Republica Unita Arabia, Amman (Jordania)." An anonymous person, presumably a Naples port official to whom Middle East politics might not be too clear, had added "Haifa" to the address in ink.

The manifest stated that it had been shipped by the Danzas Company of Rome, via Naples and contained "one bronze head."

Yesterday the crate was opened to reveal the bronze head of the President of the U.A.R., Colonel Gamal Abdul Nasser. The authorities are now considering what to do with it.

Mapam Accuses Mapai Of Provoking 'Tension'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Meir Ya'ari, Secretary-General of Mapam, yesterday charged that "the recurring tensions" within the Coalition were provoked by Mapai in its campaign to seek new partners for its plan to change the proportional representation election system.

Speaking at a meeting of the Party's Central Committee, Mr. Ya'ari said these "provocations" would be discussed by Mapam at the highest level.

Evaluating the international situation, Mr. Ya'ari said he did not doubt the wish for peace of the "Socialist world." The Western world, on the other hand, was afraid of a real peace because that would mean an end to its economic prosperity.

The speaker added that no Zionist party in Israel could accept the Arab demand that Israel should take back the Arab refugees before real peace is achieved in the area.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

No Arnona Advance On 2-Room Flats

Persons living in flats of two rooms and less in immigrant or popular housing schemes will be exempt from payment of the advance on the Arnona tax, according to the latest proposals of the Ministry of Finance.

Under these proposals, persons currently paying less than IL15 a year in Arnona and Property tax will be exempt from the advance payment. The draft law will also empower the Minister of Finance, with the approval of the Knesset Finance Committee to exempt various categories of farmers from payment.

The Progressive Party executive is due to meet today to consider the latest proposals.

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, has been invited to attend the meeting and explain his stand.

In view of the widespread apprehension that the advance would not be repaid punctually, the Ministry has taken pains to reiterate its promise that the debt will be liquidated in five equal yearly instalments beginning in 1961.

3 Importers Remanded As Smuggling Suspects

TEL AVIV.—Three Tel Aviv importers were ordered detained for seven days yesterday on suspicion of smuggling thousands of pounds worth of goods into the country. They are David Taub and Aryeh and Avraham Dekita.

A representative of the Customs Investigation Department claimed in court that the three accused had concealed 1,500 metres of printed nylon material, 10 movie projectors and 30 electric shavers in a cache in Givat Aliya. There were indications, he went on, that this was only a small part of the merchandise smuggled into the country by the suspects over a long period.

It is suspected that the goods were concealed in shipments of army surplus equipment imported under licence. He added there were grounds to believe that the accused maintained other caches and that a number of other persons were involved in the smuggling operation.

The accused's lawyer claimed that the goods had undergone customs inspection.

CURRENCY IN circulation declined by IL5,121,304 during the week ending Tuesday, to stand at IL309,326,448, the Bank of Israel reported on Wednesday. Gold reserves declined by IL35, to stand at IL3,430,919; foreign currency reserves declined by IL4,897,289 to stand at IL161,228,528; and Treasury bills and Government promissory notes declined by IL224,000 to stand at IL67,604,000. There was no change in Government notes and land bills.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

JUNE 22, 1960

[illegible]	Tavel Dollar	[illegible]
[illegible]	Savgs. (unsubsid)	[illegible]
[illegible]	Defence Loan	101
[illegible]	" "	[illegible]
[illegible]	Housg. Loan A	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " C	101
6 %	" " D	[illegible]
6 %	" " F	[illegible]
6 %	" " H	101
[illegible]	" " K	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Elect. 57/64	[illegible]
5 %	Nat. Oil Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Local Authrts.	[illegible]
5 %	Jewish Agency	[illegible]
[illegible]	Keren Hayesod	[illegible]
6 %	59/68 III	[illegible]
6 %	Fertilizs. & Chem.	100
6 %	Ind. Dev. Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gen. Mortg. Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bank Leumi Inv.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Rassco	[illegible]
6 %	Igroth	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gus-Rassco	[illegible]
	C.o.L. LINKED BOND	
[illegible]	Defence Loan	[illegible]
[illegible]	Housing Loan A	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " C	[illegible]
6 %	" " D	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Elect. 57/64	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Elect. 58/65	[illegible]
[illegible]	Local Authorts.	[illegible]
6 %	" "	[illegible]
[illegible]	Keren Hayesod	[illegible]
6 %	" 59/68 III	[illegible]
[illegible]	Rassco	[illegible]
	[illegible] C.o.L. LINKED	
[illegible]	Igroth	[illegible]
6 %	Ind. Dev. Bank	[illegible]
6 %	Bk. Leumi Invest.	97
	Ordinary SHARES	
	Bank Leumi	[illegible]
	Gen. Mortg. Bk.	[illegible]
	Bk. Leumi Invest.	[illegible]
	Ellern's Investment	[illegible]
	Africa Pal. Invest.	[illegible]
	Isr. Land Devlp.	[illegible]
	Ata Textile	[illegible]
	Moller Textile	[illegible]
	Assis & Bejarano	[illegible]
	Pal. Potash	[illegible]
	Teva Pharmac.	[illegible]
	Palco Cold Storg.	[illegible]
	Delek	[illegible]
	Am. Isr. Pap. Mills	[illegible]
	Delek (11/12 Div.)	[illegible]
	Jordan	[illegible]
	Rassco	[illegible]
	Delek	[illegible]

B: Buyers only. E: ex Div/Coupon.

TODAY'S TENDENCY

Dollar Bonds:	Softer
Index Bonds:	Quiet
Shares:	Lower

AS REPORTED BY
UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
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Eshkol Tables Two Loan Bills

POST Knesset Reporter

Finance Minister Levi Eshkol yesterday presented to the Knesset for their first readings the Short-Term Loan Bill and the Development Loan Bill, both of which are already taken into account in the budget. Both of the loans are voluntary.

Although there was a brief debate, the vote was deferred at the request of the General Zionists who are holding a convention in Tel Aviv.

The Short-Term Loan Bill authorises the Government to issue up to IL60m. (the additional budget says IL40m.) in short-term Treasury Bills. The rate of interest is not set forth in the bill, which is left to the Minister's discretion (and is believed to be between 8 and 9 per cent).

The Development Loan Bill provides for the floating of a bond issue of up to IL60m. Here, too, the Minister is authorised to fix the terms, except that the bill stipulates that the interest rate may not exceed six per cent. Among other things, the Minister may decide that the bonds shall be sold only abroad against foreign currency.

Mr. Nahum Levin (Herut) said that voluntary loans were the proper way to raise money, and that this party would not vote against the bills.

Dr. Moshe Sneh (Communist) said it was unprecedented for the Knesset to be asked to give *carte blanche* to the Treasury to decide on the rate of interest.

ISRAEL DAY was celebrated at the Poznan International Trade Fair on Monday.

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BEIT HAMLIN, TEL AVIV,
JUNE 16-30, 1960.
בית המלין 16-30.6.1960

Notices to the Public

FOR THE ATTENTION OF NEW ADDRESS OF THE TEL AVIV DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry announces the transfer of its district offices from Beit Hadar, Yafo, to 7a Rehov Mazeh, Tel Aviv (formerly El Al premises) on Sunday, June 26, 1960. There will be no reception of the public on Sunday, Monday or Tuesday, June 26, 27, and 28. The Ministry's District Office will again be open to the public on Wednesday, June 29, 1960. The new telephone numbers are:

67344-5-6-7-8

and the Post Office Box No. 14021, Tel Aviv.

FOR THE ATTENTION OF GUESTS FROM ABROAD

The traditional Tzavta will be held at the Savoy Hotel, 5 Rehov Geulah, Tel Aviv, on Friday night, June 24, 1960, at 9 p.m. Rabbi Y. Gershoni and Mr. A. Pell of the U.S.A. will participate.

VIDA and FREERK SIMONS
are happy to announce the birth of their
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brother to Anita, David and Judy.
The Brith Milah will take place on Monday, ב' תמוז תש"ך — June 27, 1960, at 1 p.m., at the Elisha Hospital, Haifa.
All our friends and relatives are hereby cordially invited to join us at the ceremony.

IN MEMORIAM
Lialenka Rootstein
Today and every day, in tender and unfading remembrance of our beloved darling only daughter and sister, Lialenka, who so tragically left us to the inconsolable grief of her parents, and brother Anatol, eleven years ago today, June 23, 1949. She was a shining example to us all. Her sweet personality and goodness can never be forgotten. We have lost one of the best this world contained and we still weep with a sorrow that is bottomless.

My dear husband, our uncle and brother-in-law
ERNST SULZBERGER
passed away at Nice on June 17, 1960.
Dr. Inge Sulzberger, née Loewenheim
Erika Baumgart
Erich Baumgart
Michael Baumgart
Please no condolence calls.

My dear, irreplaceable friend
Jechiel (Chilke) Awerbouch
has left me forever.
In deep sorrow and untold pain
Nurit Inge Feltenberg-Awerbouch

In tomorrow's 12-page issue of
THE JERUSALEM POST
★ The Link Expedition at Caesarea
★ Yad Vashem's Budget and Role Reviewed
★ Col. R. Meinertzhagen's Diary reviewed
★ Review of Israel's Cold Storage, Refrigeration and Air-conditioner Industries
★ Tinned Grapefruit Faces International Competition
And other regular features including Radio Review, Israel Revisited, Ephraim Kishon and others.

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Population Explosion Slows India

Plan Stabilization at Present Level of 430 Million

By TREVOR DRIEBERG

NEW DELHI. — IT is ironical that the more India succeeds in combatting epidemic diseases and lowering the death rate, the more it jeopardises the major economic aim of doubling by 1981 the present per capita income of Rs.300 a year.

Public health programmes are raising the average life expectancy of an Indian from 32 years in 1951 to 50 in 1980 — the last year of the second five-year plan — without providing him with the certainty of gainful employment and sufficient food, education and civilized living conditions.

Simultaneously, the current live birth rate of 42.4 per 1,000 persons will push the population up from 430 millions in 1960 to 478.6 millions in 1966 and 765.9 millions in 1996 at the prevailing health standards. If these standards are raised, the increase will be greater.

The optimum population of India, according to the Government's planning experts, was already surpassed in 1951 with a total of 361.8 millions. By 1966, the "surplus" will be 434 millions at the present rate of growth.

With this population growth, the percentage of persons of working age (between 15 and 64 years and including a large mass of unemployed and underemployed) will decline as the percentage of persons in the dependent groups (0-14 and above 65) rises steeply. The number of dependants under 15 is expected to increase to 334 millions in 1966 (as against 136 millions in 1951). Thus the prospect of sizable increases in voluntary savings for capital formation is bleak. And most of the savings made will have to be used for intensified farming, housebuilding, schools and hospitals to guarantee the additional population even the present low standard of living.

Excess Births

"India must run to stand still," Prime Minister Nehru once said. To increase real per capita income as envisaged by the planners, is an impossible task while the current unchecked population rise continues.

The planners therefore believe that the population should be stabilized at the current figure of 430 millions to attain a Rs. 600 per capita income in 1981. On this estimate, the excess births in 1961 are placed at 8.1 millions, 10.3 millions in 1966 and 19.5 millions in 1981. The percentage of births to be prevented in these years is 45, 53 and 70 respectively. The cost of having 8.1 million excess children in 1961 is set at Rs. 2,700 crores. If, on the other hand, Rs. 1,000 was spent on preventing such excess birth, Rs. 1,620 crores (more than 15 per cent of the estimated national income in 1961) would be available the same year for capital investment.

The Government planners are keenly aware of the gravity of the challenge posed by unrestricted population increase. They realize that the only effective solution of this problem, which threatens to make a mockery of planning for higher living standards for the mass of the people, is population control by methods that are "acceptable, cheap and humane."

Family Planning

But although the central and state governments have accepted population control as an integral principle of planned development, the steps they have taken to popularize it in the countryside and the urban areas fall far short of the actual needs of such a programme. It was only in 1958 that a population control programme was given concrete shape. In that year family planning boards were set up in each state under the central Ministry of Health. The Government also declared that it would provide free contraceptives to the villagers and to townsfolk earning less than Rs.100 a month, at half price to those earning between Rs.100 and Rs.200, and at cost to those earning more. But little use was made of such appliances throughout the country in 1959 in relation to 89 million women of childbearing age.

In 1961, the census report carried a statement by the Registrar-General that of every 40 births per 1,000 population yearly, 17 were "improvident." He explained that "improvident maternity" was "a childbirth occurring to a mother who has already given birth to three or more children, of whom at least one is alive."

He therefore proposed that 3.7 million married males and females of the high-fertility age groups should voluntarily seek sterilization. But although the Government encourages sterilization as the surest method of control in its radio programmes, in pamphlets and its free family planning advisory service, and although some state governments offer cash inducements to people with large families to get themselves sterilized and the operations are performed free at Government hospitals, the response is very poor.

In 1960, only 72,000 persons throughout the country had themselves sterilized. The majority were married women; family planning workers report a reluctance on the part of men to be sterilized. They prefer their wives to undergo the operation.

Family planning has made little headway in the rural areas, where the ignorance of modern methods of birth control is greatest. Its impact has been mainly on the urban areas, where the fertility rate is generally as high as in the villages. (In the city of Old Delhi, for instance, the average is 64 births per 1,000 population, well above the national average.)

Inadequate Budget

But in the towns too the results are very unsatisfactory. For a variety of reasons, including the lack of acceptable and effective methods of control, the lack of privacy in overcrowded dwellings and the common Hindu belief that there is no salvation *(saputrasya gatirinasti)* without a son, the possibilities of family planning without a greatly intensified campaign to change popular attitudes is very slim.

Despite the acceptance of the principle of population control, the Government has shown little enthusiasm to propagate the message among the people. The total expenditure on family planning in the first plan was a mere Rs.1.58 million; the allocation in the second is Rs.9.57 crores, and that in the third will be Rs.35 crores. These are pitifully meagre sums compared with the vast and urgent task to be undertaken.

The prevailing hesitant approach to this explosive problem will certainly be dangerous to the nation in the near future. Lagging foodgrain production and the increasing dependence on grain imports foreshadow a food crisis which may upset the optimistic calculations of reaching the stage of economic take-off in the next 10 years.

The Kremlin Beams on Africa

By NORA BELOFF

MOSCOW (OPNB). — MR. Khrushchev's warm and vigorous assurance of full Soviet support to the African people in their struggle for independence against "the imperialists" is front-page news in Moscow.

Sending greetings in the name of the Soviet Government and people to the Congress of Independent African Countries, now meeting at Addis Ababa, the Soviet leader said: "We look forward with confidence to the time now approaching when the whole great continent of Africa will be free.... The people of the African countries can be sure they have in the U.S.S.R. the most loyal and most disinterested friend and ally in their righteous struggle for the freedom of the African continent from the blight of imperialism, for the respect of principles of national sovereignty, for the liquidation of war bases and the transformation of Africa into a zone of peace..."

There have been many other indications recently of Moscow's keen and growing interest in the African continent. A new African Institute, assembling some 50 African experts taken from various Soviet learned organisations, is now working exclusively under Professor Potekhin to further Soviet knowledge of African affairs. In Africa itself there is the toehold of Communist technicians in newly-independent Guinea.

A new international university in which African students will play a predominant part is opening in Moscow in the coming academic year. The Rector told me he expects 500 students in the first term, and he has been allotted the premises of a previous military academy, which will now be available following the sharp reduction in the size of the Soviet Army. The soldiers are moving out and the new university is moving in this month.

The pledge of full Soviet support for the Africans in their struggle for independence is a further reminder of a fact never concealed by responsible Soviet leaders, that "peaceful coexistence," to which Mr. Khrushchev is pledged, does *not* mean permanent acceptance of the international *status quo*. This point is made very clear in a recent issue of "Kommunist," the doctrinal periodical of the Communist Party.

"A dividing line," says the writer "runs between the Marxist-Leninist and the revisionist understanding of the principle of peaceful coexistence." He affirms that "it is axiomatic for Marxist-Leninists that as long as imperialism exists the soil for another outbreak of war and aggression is preserved." But owing to the increasing strength of the socialist forces there is now "a real possibility of preventing another world war."

On the colonial front the Russians are taught to make a simple separation between the forces of progress and the Western forces of reaction, and would never for an instant pretend to be indifferent spectators of the fight. The Communist periodical asserts that "there cannot be a smoothing-over of contradictions between socialism and capitalism." But it is obvious from Soviet public statements and particularly from Mr. Khrushchev's own speeches that there are moments when the conflict is attenuated and dormant and other moments when it is acute.

In his message to the African congress, Mr. Khrushchev underlines that this is a bad period. He stresses the importance of the gathering of African peoples "at a time when imperialist circles are trying to prevent the lessening of international tension." This will not surprise the Russians who, from their newspapers and radio, day in, day out, get a picture of the Western imperialist allies violating Soviet air-space, brandishing atomic weapons, obstructing disarmament, signing new military pacts, undertaking threatening military manoeuvres, and generally behaving like would-be aggressors waiting for the time and opportunity to strike at the socialist camp.

In this context the newly-independent States of Africa and the others struggling against Western countries for independence are seen as Russia's "natural allies."

Readers' Letters

IN MAHLER'S DEFENCE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I think that the music critic of a newspaper, especially of one whose standard is as high as yours, should abstain, in his reviews, from personal animosity towards a composer who is acclaimed as one of the most important successors to the classics.

I am referring to Mr. Avidom's review of the 12th Philharmonic Subscription Concert, in your issue of June 12, in which he says: "Included in the programme is Mahler's 2nd Symphony whose size is greater than its value." I am sure that I am not the only one who thinks this remark quite ridiculous.

Yours, etc.,
DR. E. KRAUS

Kfar Saba, June 14.

Mr. Avidom Replies

Sir, — I can assure Dr. Kraus that there is no personal animosity whatsoever involved here, but my personal professional opinion, which is shared by many more musicians and musically minded people than he suspects. Such opinions have often been expressed in the past in word and print.

Yours, etc.,
AVIDOM

Tel Aviv June 17.

MIXED SCHOOLS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I sincerely hope that Mr. Moshe Kol's suggestion regarding mixed Arab-Jewish schools (issue of June 17) will be taken seriously by the Ministry of Education. Children, unless they are indoctrinated by stupid adults, are free from racial or religious prejudices.

Yours, etc.,
ABRAHAM CARMEL

Haifa, June 15.

GAN HA'EM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — *Gan Ha'em* on Mount Carmel was intended for functions such as those mentioned in E. Joseph's letter and it is sometimes necessary, after damage to the lawns, to keep them out of use for a certain time.

Nevertheless, the children, and their parents — Haifaites and visitors alike — who enjoy *Gan Ha'em* and its lawns, run into thousands. It is exactly this mass enjoyment which makes certain limitations necessary, from time to time.

With the opening of the Carmelit, public lavatories — and, it should be mentioned, a pleasant buffet as well — were installed for the use of visitors to Gan Ha'em.

The gist of your correspondent's suggestions have been passed on to the appropriate municipal departments for their attention.

Yours, etc.,
Y. YABOUR
Public Relations Director
Haifa Municipality

Haifa, June 17.

FILTHY KIOSK

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Recently, whilst receiving attention at Bellinson Hospital, I was directed to a buffet located on the hospital's grounds, less than a hundred metres from the main entrance.

First impressions, upon entering the place, were of dirt, astronomically numerous flies and a bad smell; yet, somehow reassured by the very close proximity of the largest and most modern hospital in Israel, I went ahead and ordered lunch. The woman who took my order was, to put it charitably, dirty. The main course was served in a dish with very large, old cracks and chips in which the dirt of weeks or months had collected. The cup in which my coffee was served was a faithful partner of the plate.

I paid, and fled to the hospital a few metres away — to the sanctuary of hygienic-looking nurses, sterilized instruments, clean floors and tables, whiteness! How did this buffet get there — and remain there?

Yours, etc.,
S. JACOBS.

Tel Ganim, May 27.

Hospital Replies

Unfortunately we do not have the power to enforce hygienic standards at the kiosk, which is located adjacent to the hospital grounds. The kiosk is privately owned, and therefore not under our control. For some time now, we have been trying to persuade the owners to improve their standards. But only the District Health Office has the authority to enforce standards of cleanliness in places of this kind.

Public Relations Department
Kupat Holim

Tel Aviv, June 19.

PEN FRIENDS

RALPH BJORKMAN, 21, of Gothenburg 6, Brunnsg. 3, Sweden, seeks an Israel boy or girl to correspond with. His interests are people, politics, classical music. He writes English or Swedish.

F.A.O. Cooperates in Israel Water-Collecting Project

By A Special Correspondent

A PROJECT involving the construction of experimental groundwater collectors to intercept a portion of the fresh water seeping into the sea is one of the proposals approved by the 18-member Governing Council of the U.N. Special Fund at its fourth session, held at U.N. Headquarters in New York recently.

Along the coastal plain of Israel, fresh water seeps into the sea at an average rate of about 1,000,000 cubic metres per annum per kilometre-run of coastline. This seepage takes place in spite of heavy overdraft by pumpage along the coast, and has been commonly accepted as necessary to prevent the intrusion of sea-water into fresh-water aquifers. Laboratory tests and preliminary calculations conducted in Israel have shown that up to 70 per cent of this flow may be recovered without inducing harmful sea-water intrusion by the use of specially designed groundwater collectors located close to the coastline. The water thus collected, estimated at 70 million cubic metres per annum, if ultimately made available along the whole coast, could irrigate an additional 14,000 hectares of land, or 11 per cent of all irrigated land in Israel at the present time. The estimated cost of this water, based on the required investment and operating costs of the collectors, falls well within the limits of economic feasibility.

On the strength of the results obtained from the model tests, the Government has decided to construct and operate a series of full-scale experimental installations consisting of different types of collectors, to check the validity of the model tests under actual field conditions.

The project, which has been prepared in consultation with two FAO experts under the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance, relates to the construction and operation of experimental installations at suitable locations.

It is intended to be executed in three stages over a period of approximately two and a half years. The first stage includes field reconnaissance, research construction of observation wells, laboratory tests and design of the different structures.

This stage will require about six months and is already in progress. During the second stage, estimated to take 10 months, some of the designed installations will be constructed and trial runs commenced. In the third stage, scheduled to last one year, the remaining structures will be completed and the installations put into continuous operation; different methods of data collection will be tried out and the most suitable ones determined. An additional year will be required to evaluate the data, arrive at conclusions with regard to the effectiveness of the different structures, and publish the results.

It is estimated that the total cost will be approximately $341,800 of which the Government will pay 12 per cent of the estimated costs of the expert programme, or approximately the equivalent of $5,800, as a cash contribution towards local operating costs of the project. In addition, the Government is expected to make a counterpart contribution equivalent to approximately $1,067,200.

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KEEPING POSTED

WE were invited to a *bar mitzvah* that was to start at seven in the evening. We could not get away for quite a while, and it was nearer midnight before we arrived. The party was still in full swing, although a group of cross and tired little boys were just being herded into a truck outside to be delivered to their homes. The happy parents were Yemenites, and they had invited all their relations, reckoning generously, and so accordingly made up most of the community in Jerusalem. The boy had a handsome face and a studious look; or perhaps he was just conning over the taxi-full of gifts he had received, including two gold charms he was wearing and eight watches.

THE table was presided over by his uncle, a gay gentleman with a pepper-and-salt beard and a perfectly round hat, which marked him as a rabbi, somewhere up in the north. A cousin, in an old yellow straw, was standing up singing an ancient chant and accompanying himself on the equivalent of the West Indian steel drum



— a well polished empty kerosene tin. You hold it up to the side of your face to give resonance to your singing, and drum on the bottom for a little extra body to the sound. Another relative followed the words in an old book, as a sort of prompter, but we never saw him needed. There was some difference of opinion as to what was being sung, either a prayer or a traditional song. "It is old, few people know it by now," they explained.

THE real entertainers had just been having a breather and slipped back into a small open space near the top table. There were three slender youths in spotless shirts, experts in the jerky comic-gesture dances that the Inbal troupe used to do before they were spruced up for foreign consumption. They danced in a row, they danced in a circle, they moved in and out. For a while they were joined by a girl who seemed out of place until the most withdrawn and intent of the dancers took her aside for a bit of rock'n roll. When the girl was pulled in to join the dancers, the singer had protested. Girls are against the rules. But the gay rabbi smiled and nodded. "I agree. I agree." His nephew whispered in his ear and he laughed. The singer touched the old man's beard and brought the finger to his own lips. What the rabbi says goes.

THEY danced round a small glass of brandy on the floor, with heavy crepe-soled shoes flickering as neatly over and around the glass as a pianist's fingers crossing on the keys. If you dare, you may snatch the glass, and it is their business to prevent it. "They are now from the Yemen, only been here ten years," we heard. "They still know it all. we have forgotten" said a woman in a neat, fashionable dress.

NOBODY had the courage to snatch the glass. The intent dancer did a little solo, spreading his feet further and further, bent almost double, with his hands dancing over his feet. Suddenly he picked up the glass with his lips, tossed back his head to drain the liquid, winked at the audience, and the performance was over.

ALL the hundreds of large covered sandwiches had been eaten (60 chickens, it was rumoured), all the iced cakes were gone except the one with the birthday wishes. Also gone the huge quantities of fruit, salty biscuits and sweet biscuits, and wrapped sweets to keep the children busy. Nothing old fashioned. People prefer cake. The brandy flowed fast. The last of the popcorn and peanuts was surreptitiously slipped into pockets by such of the children as were still awake. The shocked old woman with the turned-up Russian nose ("No, of course she isn't a relative. A neighbour.") took leave in an uncomprehended language. The well-dressed younger generation prepared to return to its Western life, ill-regulated as all Western lives, keeping only their better Hebrew, their tidiness and small waists to mark them off from others. The older generation sighed as they trooped out of the great school hall, with a last backward glance at the coloured windows and painted ceiling. Six-hour parties with real dancers and everybody you know invited have become rare. People prefer to spend their money on themselves nowadays. But at least there is another boy in the family, only two years younger.

A TOURIST in a yellow suit stood propped up against one of the benches. Was the family rich?, he wanted to know. We said they had come to Jerusalem about ten years ago, with a primus stove and a single kettle and they had worked ever since at this and that in the Yemenite manner. They noisily liked parties.

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MARGINAL COMMENT

K Meddles in US Elections

By Max Lerner

IF I were John Kennedy I should make a speech telling Khrushchev to keep out of the American elections. If I were Richard Nixon I would do the same. But if I were either man I should do it before the other did it. To my knowledge and memory this is the first American election in which a Russian head-of-state is openly trying to raise a rain. I don't know whether it will work and I am not even sure of its aim. But the fact that it is being done is a major fact of American political life and may actually influence the result.

★

THREE men are involved here — Eisenhower, Nixon, and Khrushchev. Let me start with Eisenhower. Khrushchev's thesis, for the world to swallow, is that Eisenhower is untrustworthy, faithless, treacherous, and that he cannot sit down with him at another council table. He cannot even shake hands with him and must wait for the American people to pick a better character as President, worthy to shake the "clean hands" and commune with the "pure heart" of the abettor of Stalin's crimes and the inheritor of his mantle. This is, of course, a fantastic picture of Eisenhower. Those who have seen and followed him the world over know that while he is not the most brilliant leader he is a kindly and decent man. Whatever his faults they are not the shortcomings of moral character for which Khrushchev indicts him.

★

I RECALL a conversation with General Eisenhower, when I first met him on his campaign press plane in 1952. "I know you fellows don't like me," he said, meaning perhaps the New Deal liberals. "I'm not intellectual enough for you. But let me tell you something. For me the heart is more important than the head." I shuddered a bit, shuddered at what lay ahead for my country in an era that required great leadership not of heart alone but of brain and will and vision. As it has turned out, Eisenhower's defects of leadership have led to fateful errors of judgment and bumbling decisions. America is paying the cost now in world prestige. But Khrushchev could not have picked a wronger man as a target for his invective. Eisenhower's past three years have been aimed at going out of office as the man who helped bring peace to the world. He has staked his emotional life on that self-image. That is why he was so stunned at Khrushchev's attack in Paris. He bore it with dignity and restraint. To save the Summit he might even have made more concessions and undergone more humiliations had not de Gaulle counselled against it.

★

KHRUSHCHEV knows all this, but his propaganda game requires him to pretend that Eisenhower is a monster. Does it also require him to pretend that Nixon is the man he wants to beat? I suspect so. On the record, of course, Khrushchev is anti-Nixon. He has said so. He mocked the proposal to bring Nixon to Paris for a few days in Eisenhower's place — a proposal probably meant to build up Nixon, and almost as inept as the later statements about the U-2. He evidently regards Nixon as belonging to the war party. And he has said pointedly that if the next American President will not reach a co-existence deal with Russia, he will wait for the one after that.

The catch is that this kind of interference in the American election campaign is likely to help rather than hurt Nixon's chances, and Khrushchev must know it. Americans are quite understandably counter-suggestible toward any Communist directions on running their internal affairs.

★

WHY then does Khrushchev take his present line on the American elections? Partly, I think, out of arrogance and partly out of calculation. Heady with the power of his missiles and satellites, and having managed to get out of a difficult position by scuttling the Summit, Khrushchev is tempted to cast the shadow of his power on American politics as well.

But the calculation is there, as well as the arrogance. Khrushchev may be much less clever than we give him credit for being, and he may actually think that he can throw his weight against Nixon. But this would make him a cruder and more primitive propagandist than I think he is. More likely he figures that he can't lose by his move. If the Democrats nominate a strong candidate and Nixon — stripped of the peace issue by the collapse of the Summit — gets beaten, Khrushchev will preen himself on his prowess. But if Nixon wins, Khrushchev may well feel rather satisfied, figuring that Nixon would be a more vulnerable American leader in the war of symbols than a liberal Democrat like Stevenson or Kennedy.

New York, June, 1960.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Local Gov't Autonomy

IT is not enough, writes Ha'aretz (non-party), to pay lip service to the idea of autonomous local government. The time has come for legislation to free it from the control of the Ministry of Interior which needlessly hampers the progress of many of our municipalities. The Central Government absorbs the lion's share of the taxes, leaving the taxpayer unable to pay his municipal rates. As a result, local coffers are empty and the local authorities must go begging cap in hand for Government allocations to meet their municipal needs. This is a most unhealthy arrangement. Failing the Government's consent to waive part of the tax collection in favour of the municipalities, the only alternative would be to reimburse them with sums commensurate with their needs at a fixed date so that they are able to draw up their budgets.

Omer (Histadrut) holds that the General Zionist party must rethink its course if it wants to be a vital factor in Israel's society and economy, for it cannot rest on the laurels of "past achievements." In the early years of the State, it gathered strength from the chaos created by galloping inflation, scarcity of food and the drop in currency, but it cannot continue to look forward to catastrophes to enhance its position.

Hatsofe (National Religious) also discusses the "rise and decline" of the party, and reminds it that it must learn from its past mistakes and that domestic strife and conspiracies among its leadership will not contribute to its ability to survive.

On the joint communique issued by Abdul Nasser and President Tito at Brioni, Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) declares that there is no such thing as a "Palestine problem" any more than there is a "Yugoslav Problem." There is only the problem of relations of a state with neighbouring countries and the problem in the Middle East is nothing more than the declared Egyptian policy of anti-Israel, belligerency and aggressiveness and its threat to Middle East peace. It is therefore doubtful if President Tito's signature to the communique, which smacks of Nasser's inspiration, has contributed to stabilizing peace in the region or to the improvement of Israel-Egyptian relations, for it constitutes more political and moral support for the dictator than an effort to foster peace by infusing him with a desire for co-operation in the spirit of the U.N. Charter.

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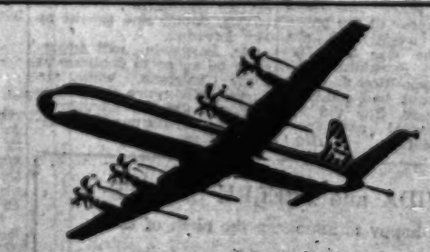
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